# S. 3219

To prevent discrimination and harassment in employment.

### IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

November 17, 2021

Mrs. Murray (for herself, Ms. Hirono, Ms. Baldwin, Mr. Blumenthal, Mr. Booker, Mr. Brown, Mr. Cardin, Mr. Casey, Mrs. Gillibrand, Ms. Duckworth, Mr. Durbin, Mr. Kaine, Mr. Markey, Mr. Merkley, Mr. Luján, Ms. Klobuchar, Mr. Padilla, Ms. Rosen, Mr. Sanders, Mr. Van Hollen, Ms. Warren, and Mr. Wyden) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Health, Education, Labor, and Pensions

### A BILL

To prevent discrimination and harassment in employment.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
- 4 This Act may be cited as the "Bringing an End to
- 5 Harassment by Enhancing Accountability and Rejecting
- 6 Discrimination in the Workplace Act" or the "BE
- 7 HEARD in the Workplace Act".
- 8 SEC. 2. TABLE OF CONTENTS.
- 9 The table of contents of this Act is as follows:

- Sec. 1. Short title.
- Sec. 2. Table of contents.
- Sec. 3. Purposes.

# TITLE I—RESEARCHING AND PREVENTING WORKPLACE HARASSMENT; TIPPED EMPLOYEES

Sec. 100. Definitions.

#### Subtitle A—Preventing Workplace Harassment

- Sec. 101. Mandatory nondiscrimination policies.
- Sec. 102. Nondiscrimination training.
- Sec. 103. Resource materials on policies and trainings for small businesses.
- Sec. 104. Education, training, and technical assistance to employers.
- Sec. 105. Task force regarding harassment.
- Sec. 106. Resource materials on employment climate assessments.
- Sec. 107. Establishing an Office of Education and Outreach within the Equal Employment Opportunity Commission.
- Sec. 108. Relationship to other laws.
- Sec. 109. Authorization of appropriations.

### Subtitle B—Research and Additional Resources for Harassment Prevention

- Sec. 111. National prevalence survey on harassment in employment.
- Sec. 112. Study and report on harassment in the Federal Government.
- Sec. 113. Studies, reports, and further research.

### Subtitle C—Preventing Harassment of Tipped Employees

Sec. 121. Tipped employees.

### TITLE II—STRENGTHENING WORKPLACE RIGHTS

- Sec. 201. Clarifying sexual orientation discrimination and gender identity discrimination are unlawful sex discrimination.
- Sec. 202. Covered employers.
- Sec. 203. Compensatory and punitive damages available.
- Sec. 204. Harassment and discrimination; standards of proof.
- Sec. 205. Clarifying other standards of proof.
- Sec. 206. Supervisor liability.
- Sec. 207. Extending the statutes of limitations.
- Sec. 208. Extending the time limitations on Federal employees filing a complaint.

# TITLE III—BROADENING PROTECTIONS AND ENSURING TRANSPARENCY

- Sec. 301. Independent contractors, interns, fellows, volunteers, and trainees.
- Sec. 302. Nondisclosure agreements.
- Sec. 303. Prohibition on mandatory arbitration and protection of concerted legal action.
- Sec. 304. Federal contractor compliance with civil rights laws.

# TITLE IV—NATIONWIDE GRANTS TO PREVENT AND RESPOND TO WORKPLACE HARASSMENT

Sec. 401. Definitions.

Subtitle A—National Grants for Preventing and Addressing Employment Discrimination, Including Harassment

- Sec. 411. Definitions.
- Sec. 412. Grants.
- Sec. 413. Authorization of appropriations.

#### Subtitle B—Grants for Legal Assistance for Low-Income Workers

- Sec. 421. Definitions.
- Sec. 422. Grants for civil legal needs related to employment discrimination.
- Sec. 423. Authorization of appropriations.

#### Subtitle C—Grants for a System of State Advocacy

- Sec. 431. Purpose.
- Sec. 432. Definitions.
- Sec. 433. Allotments and payments.
- Sec. 434. System required.
- Sec. 435. Administration.
- Sec. 436. Authorization of appropriations.

#### TITLE V—GENERAL PROVISIONS

Sec. 501. Severability.

### 1 SEC. 3. PURPOSES.

- 2 The purposes of this Act are—
- 3 (1) to prevent and reduce prohibited discrimina-
- 4 tion and harassment in employment;
- 5 (2) to prevent and reduce discriminatory and
- 6 harassing conduct in the workplace;
- 7 (3) to identify and implement best practices in
- 8 creating a workplace free from discrimination and
- 9 harasment;
- 10 (4) to update and clarify certain employment
- 11 nondiscrimination laws; and
- 12 (5) to expand workers' access to counsel and
- advocacy services to protect the legal and human
- rights of workers by preventing and reducing dis-

1	crimination and harassment and responding to viola-
2	tions of worker's rights.
3	TITLE I—RESEARCHING AND
4	PREVENTING WORKPLACE
5	HARASSMENT; TIPPED EM-
6	PLOYEES
7	SEC. 100. DEFINITIONS.
8	In this title:
9	(1) Commission.—The term "Commission"
10	means the Equal Employment Opportunity Commis-
11	sion.
12	(2) Employer.—The term "employer" has the
13	meaning given the term in section 701 of the Civil
14	Rights Act of 1964 (42 U.S.C. 2000e), as amended
15	by section 202 of this Act.
16	Subtitle A—Preventing Workplace
17	Harassment
18	SEC. 101. MANDATORY NONDISCRIMINATION POLICIES.
19	(a) Policies.—
20	(1) In General.—Beginning not later than 1
21	year after the date of enactment of this Act, each
22	employer who has 15 or more employees shall adopt,
23	maintain, and periodically review a comprehensive
24	nondiscrimination policy, which shall establish poli-

- cies and procedures concerning prohibited discrimination and harassment in employment.
- 3 (2) Dissemination and Posting.—The em-4 ployer shall disseminate the comprehensive non-5 discrimination policy to each employee at the begin-6 ning of employment, annually, and on the issuance 7 of any update to the comprehensive nondiscrimina-8 tion policy. The employer shall post the comprehen-9 sive nondiscrimination policy in prominent locations, 10 including in a prominent location on the employer's 11 website.
- 12 (b) CONTENTS.—At a minimum, the comprehensive 13 nondiscrimination policy shall include—
- (1) a definition of prohibited discrimination and
   prohibited harassment in employment;
  - (2) a description of the types of behaviors prohibited by the policy;
  - (3) the identification of multiple persons to whom an employee may report such discrimination or harassment;
- 21 (4) a description of multiple methods for re-22 porting such discrimination or harassment;
- 23 (5) a general description of how the employer 24 will conduct prompt, thorough, and impartial inves-

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- tigations and respond to complaints regarding such
  discrimination or harassment;
- 3 (6) a prohibition against retaliation related to 4 such discrimination or harassment, including dis-5 closing, reporting, or challenging such discrimination 6 or harassment;
- 7 (7) a description of potential consequences for 8 violating the policy; and
- 9 (8) any additional components required by the 10 Commission for the purpose of preventing unlawful 11 discrimination and harassment.
- 12 (c) Accessibility.—The comprehensive non-13 discrimination policy shall be made available in plain 14 English and in an accessible manner for individuals with 15 disabilities and for individuals who primarily speak a lan-16 guage other than English.

### 17 (d) Enforcement.—

- 18 (1) Subject to paragraph (2), an employer who
  19 fails to comply with this section shall be fined not
  20 more than \$1,000 for each separate offense.
- 21 (2) An employer who repeatedly or willfully fails 22 to comply with this section shall be fined not less 23 than \$5,000 for each separate offense.
- 24 (e) Regulations.—The Commission shall have au-25 thority to promulgate regulations to carry out this section.

### 1 SEC. 102. NONDISCRIMINATION TRAINING.

2 (a) In General.—The Commission shall pron	nulgate
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- 3 regulations to require appropriate employers, as deter-
- 4 mined by the Commission, to provide—
- 5 (1) in-person or other interactive training for
- 6 each employee regarding discriminatory and haras-
- 7 sing behaviors in employment; and
- 8 (2) training specifically designed for supervisors
- 9 regarding the prevention of and response to dis-
- 10 crimination and harassment in employment, includ-
- ing retaliation.
- 12 (b) REQUIRED TRAINING.—The requirements de-
- 13 scribed in subsection (a) shall—
- 14 (1) be based on research on effective training;
- 15 and
- 16 (2) identify specific elements of such training.
- 17 (c) Enforcement.—The Commission shall issue
- 18 remedies for noncompliance by regulation.
- 19 SEC. 103. RESOURCE MATERIALS ON POLICIES AND
- 20 TRAININGS FOR SMALL BUSINESSES.
- 21 (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 1 year after the
- 22 date of enactment of this Act, the Commission shall make
- 23 publicly available resource materials on comprehensive
- 24 nondiscrimination policies and trainings on such policies
- 25 for employers with fewer than 15 employees.

1	(b) Contents.—Such resource materials shall in-
2	clude, at a minimum—
3	(1) model comprehensive nondiscrimination
4	policies concerning prohibited discrimination and
5	harassment in employment, as described in section
6	101, for use by employers with fewer than 15 em-
7	ployees, which shall—
8	(A) be designed to be easily distributed by
9	such employers to employees;
10	(B) take into account the resources avail-
11	able to such employers;
12	(C) take into account the particular needs
13	of employees of such employers;
14	(D) be made available in plain English and
15	in accessible formats for individuals with dis-
16	abilities and for individuals who primarily speak
17	a language other than English;
18	(E) include a definition of prohibited dis-
19	crimination and harassment in employment;
20	(F) include examples of prohibited dis-
21	criminatory and harassing behaviors;
22	(G) describe how the employer may con-
23	duct prompt, thorough, and impartial investiga-
24	tions and respond to complaints regarding such
25	prohibited discrimination and harassment;

1	(H) include a prohibition against retalia-
2	tion related to such discrimination or harass-
3	ment;
4	(I) include policies that reflect the needs of
5	a variety of different types of workplaces, in-
6	cluding those with differing work structures, fa-
7	cilities, or tasks;
8	(J) describe behaviors that would con-
9	stitute retaliation; and
10	(K) include a description of potential con-
11	sequences for violating the comprehensive non-
12	discrimination policy; and
13	(2) model trainings regarding prohibited dis-
14	crimination and harassment in employment, as de-
15	scribed in section 102, for use by employers with
16	fewer than 15 employees, which shall—
17	(A) take into account the resources avail-
18	able to such employers;
19	(B) take into account the particular needs
20	of employees of such employers;
21	(C) be made available in plain English and
22	in accessible formats for individuals with dis-
23	abilities and for individuals who primarily speak
24	a language other than English;

1	(D) be made available in an online format
2	that is widely available to such employers and
3	employees of such employers;
4	(E) include an explanation of prohibited
5	discrimination and harassment in employment,
6	including retaliation related to such discrimina-
7	tion and harassment;
8	(F) describe the affirmative behaviors that
9	contribute to preventing and reducing harass-
10	ment and discrimination in employment;
11	(G) include trainings designed to address
12	the needs of a variety of workplaces, including
13	those with differing work structures, facilities,
14	and tasks;
15	(H) include best practices for preventing
16	prohibited discrimination and harassment spe-
17	cific to industries in which the Commission de-
18	termines that harassment is particularly preva-
19	lent or severe; and
20	(I) include any additional information the
21	Commission determines may prevent discrimi-
22	nation and harassment of employees.
23	(c) Individualization.—The Commission shall en-
24	sure that resource materials under this section are de-
25	signed to facilitate individual employers to customize

1	training to address the needs of their workplaces, includ-
2	ing differing work structures, facilities, and tasks.
3	SEC. 104. EDUCATION, TRAINING, AND TECHNICAL ASSIST
4	ANCE TO EMPLOYERS.
5	The Commission shall have the authority to—
6	(1) reasonably adjust the fees the Commission
7	charges for any education, technical assistance, or
8	training the Commission offers in accordance with
9	section 705(j)(1) of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 (42
10	U.S.C. $2000e-4(j)(1)$ ;
11	(2) use the materials developed by the Commis-
12	sion for any education, technical assistance, or train-
13	ing offered by the Commission in accordance with
14	that section in any education and outreach activities
15	carried out by the Commission; and
16	(3) use funds from the Commission's EEOC
17	Education, Technical Assistance, and Training Re-
18	volving Fund, established under section 705(k) of
19	the Civil Rights Act of 1964 (42 U.S.C. 2000e-
20	4(k)), to pay the full salaries of any Commission em-
21	ployees that develop and administer any education
22	technical assistance, or training programs offered by
23	the Commission.

### 1 SEC. 105. TASK FORCE REGARDING HARASSMENT.

2	(a) In General.—The Commission shall establish
3	and periodically convene a harassment prevention task
4	force (referred to in this subsection as the "Task Force")
5	to study prohibited harassment in employment.
6	(b) Membership.—The Task Force established
7	under paragraph (1) shall include membership that re-
8	flects a broad diversity of experience and expertise relating
9	to prohibited harassment, including—
10	(1) employee advocates;
11	(2) researchers with expertise in organizational
12	culture change or reducing behavior related to har-
13	assment and discrimination;
14	(3) legal practitioners with professional exper-
15	tise related to harassment litigation on behalf of em-
16	ployees;
17	(4) legal practitioners with experience serving
18	as a chief legal officer or human resource officer in
19	a corporate legal department;
20	(5) individuals with expertise in diversity and
21	inclusion initiatives;
22	(6) individuals who have experienced prohibited
23	harassment in employment; and
24	(7) union leaders.
25	(c) Duties.—The Task Force shall—

1	(1) identify strategies and recommend proposals
2	to prevent prohibited harassment in employment;
3	and
4	(2) provide guidance on effective strategies to
5	prevent prohibited harassment that are specific to
6	industries in which the Task Force determines that
7	harassment is particularly prevalent or severe.
8	(d) Report.—Not less than once every 5 years, the
9	Commission shall prepare and publish a report on the
10	Commission's website, which shall be based on the work
11	of the Task Force and shall include—
12	(1) a review of the prevalence of prohibited har-
13	assment in employment, including the results of the
14	national prevalence survey described in section 111;
15	(2) recommendations for Federal, State, and
16	local initiatives, reforms, and legislation to prevent
17	prohibited harassment in employment;
18	(3) assessments of the effectiveness of employ-
19	ment policies designed to prevent prohibited harass-
20	ment in employment by changing behavior and cul-
21	ture;
22	(4) assessments of the effectiveness of processes
23	for investigations into prohibited harassment in em-
24	ployment;

1	(5) assessments of the effectiveness of different
2	types of training to reduce and prevent harassment
3	in employment; and
4	(6) assessments of the effectiveness of other
5	proactive initiatives and interventions to reduce and
6	prevent harassment in employment.
7	SEC. 106. RESOURCE MATERIALS ON EMPLOYMENT CLI-
8	MATE ASSESSMENTS.
9	(a) In General.—Not later than 1 year after the
10	date of enactment of this Act, the Commission shall de-
11	velop and make publicly available resource materials for
12	employers on assessing the employment climate, including
13	the occurrence of prohibited harassment in employment,
14	in order to assist such employers in determining the effec-
15	tiveness of measures the employer takes to prevent and
16	address prohibited harassment in employment.
17	(b) Employment Climate Survey.—Such resource
18	materials shall include a model survey regarding prohib-
19	ited harassment in employment, which shall be available
20	for an employer to use (at the employer's discretion and
21	employer's expense) in order to assess the employment cli-
22	mate. The model survey shall be—
23	(1) designed to assess employees' experiences
24	related to prohibited harassment in employment:

1	(2) fair, unbiased, and scientifically valid to the
2	greatest extent practicable;
3	(3) designed to solicit confidential submissions
4	and to provide data without revealing personally
5	identifiable information; and
6	(4) inclusive of individuals required to be af-
7	forded protection under section 301.
8	(c) Contents.—The model survey may include—
9	(1) questions designed to assess the prevalence
10	of prohibited harassment in employment;
11	(2) questions designed to understand whether
12	employees have access to and are familiar with the
13	employer's nondiscrimination and anti-harassment
14	policies and procedures;
15	(3) questions to assess the employment climate;
16	and
17	(4) any additional questions the Commission
18	determines are consistent with the purposes of this
19	section.
20	(d) Mandatory Employee Participation Pro-
21	HIBITED.—An employer may not compel or require em-
22	ployees to participate in a survey regarding prohibited
23	harassment or discrimination in employment.
24	(e) Review and Revision.—The Commission shall
25	periodically review and revise the resource materials de-

1	scribed in subsection (a) and the model survey developed
2	under subsection (b).
3	SEC. 107. ESTABLISHING AN OFFICE OF EDUCATION AND
4	OUTREACH WITHIN THE EQUAL EMPLOY
5	MENT OPPORTUNITY COMMISSION.
6	(a) In General.—The Commission shall establish
7	and maintain an Office of Education and Outreach to—
8	(1) conduct outreach and education concerning
9	prohibited discrimination and harassment in employ-
10	ment under Federal civil rights laws and available
11	resources and remedies relating to those laws; and
12	(2) conduct a multi-year public awareness cam-
13	paign to improve public awareness of the Commis-
14	sion, which shall include disseminating information
15	about—
16	(A) the purpose of the Commission;
17	(B) the resources available through the
18	Commission to prevent prohibited discrimina-
19	tion and harassment in employment;
20	(C) the ways in which an individual can
21	file a complaint with the Commission; and
22	(D) the process by which the Commission
23	investigates charges of discrimination.
24	(b) Information Disseminated.—The information
25	disseminated in accordance with subsection (a)(2) shall be

- 1 made available in plain English and in an accessible man-
- 2 ner for individuals with disabilities and for individuals who
- 3 primarily speak a language other than English.
- 4 SEC. 108. RELATIONSHIP TO OTHER LAWS.
- 5 Compliance with section 101 or 102, or use of mate-
- 6 rials provided under subtitle A, is not an affirmative de-
- 7 fense under applicable employment nondiscrimination
- 8 laws.
- 9 SEC. 109. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.
- There are authorized to be appropriated to the Com-
- 11 mission such sums as may be necessary to carry out the
- 12 Commission's duties and activities, including such duties
- 13 and activities authorized under this subtitle.
- 14 Subtitle B—Research and Addi-
- tional Resources for Harass-
- 16 ment Prevention
- 17 SEC. 111. NATIONAL PREVALENCE SURVEY ON HARASS-
- 18 MENT IN EMPLOYMENT.
- 19 (a) Survey.—The Bureau of the Census, the Com-
- 20 mission, and the Bureau of Labor Statistics shall jointly
- 21 develop a national prevalence survey on the prevalence of
- 22 prohibited harassment in employment (referred to in this
- 23 section as the "national prevalence survey"). Such survey
- 24 shall be administered by the Bureau of the Census not

- 18 later than 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act, 2 and every 3 years thereafter. 3 (b) Contents.—The national prevalence survey shall include questions designed to collect such informa-5 tion from individuals as may be necessary to examine existing beliefs, attitudes, and understanding of prohibited harassment in employment, and the extent to which such 8 harassment is experienced or observed by individuals, supervisors, and employers, including the information nec-10 essary for the report described in subsection (c). 11 (c) Report.— 12 (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 6 months 13 after each national prevalence survey has been ad-14 ministered, the Bureau of the Census, the Commis-15 sion, and the Bureau of Labor Statistics shall jointly 16 prepare and submit to the Committee on Health, 17 Education, Labor, and Pensions of the Senate and 18 the Committee on Education and Labor of the 19 House of Representatives a report on the results of 20 that survey. 21 (2)INFORMATION.—The REQUIRED
  - under this subsection shall include, at minimum—
- 23 (A) information about the extent to which 24 individuals experience prohibited harassment in 25 employment on the basis of sex (including sex-

1	ual orientation, gender identity, pregnancy,
2	childbirth, a medical condition related to preg-
3	nancy or childbirth, and a sex stereotype), race,
4	color, religion, national origin, age, disability,
5	genetic information, and uniformed service sta-
6	tus, and information about the interaction of
7	different characteristics that may be the basis
8	of harassment in employment;
9	(B) information about the prevalence of
10	each such form of prohibited harassment in em-
11	ployment, disaggregated by industry and salary
12	level, including across all wage bands; and
13	(C) an analysis of the economic impacts of
14	prohibited harassment.
15	(3) Disaggregation of Sex-Based Harass-
16	MENT.—The report under this subsection shall sepa-
17	rately, and in the aggregate, report each of the fol-
18	lowing bases of sex harassment:
19	(A) Sexual orientation.
20	(B) Gender identity.
21	(C) Pregnancy.
22	(D) Childbirth.
23	(E) A medical condition related to preg-
24	nancy or childbirth.
25	(F) A sex stereotype.

1	(G) Sexual in nature.
2	(4) Public availability.—The report shall be
3	made publicly available on the websites of the Bu-
4	reau of the Census, the Commission, and Bureau of
5	Labor Statistics.
6	(d) Authorization of Appropriations.—There
7	are authorized to be appropriated for the Bureau of the
8	Census to carry out this section such sums as may be nec-
9	essary for each fiscal year the national prevalence survey
10	is to be administered under subsection (a) or the report
11	is to be submitted under subsection (c).
12	SEC. 112. STUDY AND REPORT ON HARASSMENT IN THE
13	FEDERAL GOVERNMENT.
<ul><li>13</li><li>14</li></ul>	FEDERAL GOVERNMENT.  (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 1 year after the
14	(a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 1 year after the
14 15	(a) In General.—Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act, and not less than once every
<ul><li>14</li><li>15</li><li>16</li><li>17</li></ul>	(a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act, and not less than once every 3 years thereafter, the Merit Systems Protection Board
<ul><li>14</li><li>15</li><li>16</li><li>17</li></ul>	(a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act, and not less than once every 3 years thereafter, the Merit Systems Protection Board shall prepare and submit to the Committee on Health,
14 15 16 17 18	(a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act, and not less than once every 3 years thereafter, the Merit Systems Protection Board shall prepare and submit to the Committee on Health, Education, Labor, and Pensions of the Senate and the
14 15 16 17 18 19	(a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act, and not less than once every 3 years thereafter, the Merit Systems Protection Board shall prepare and submit to the Committee on Health, Education, Labor, and Pensions of the Senate and the Committee on Education and Labor of the House of Rep-
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	(a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act, and not less than once every 3 years thereafter, the Merit Systems Protection Board shall prepare and submit to the Committee on Health, Education, Labor, and Pensions of the Senate and the Committee on Education and Labor of the House of Representatives a report containing the following information:
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	(a) In General.—Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act, and not less than once every 3 years thereafter, the Merit Systems Protection Board shall prepare and submit to the Committee on Health, Education, Labor, and Pensions of the Senate and the Committee on Education and Labor of the House of Representatives a report containing the following information:  (1) The prevalence of specific behaviors associ-
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	(a) In General.—Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act, and not less than once every 3 years thereafter, the Merit Systems Protection Board shall prepare and submit to the Committee on Health, Education, Labor, and Pensions of the Senate and the Committee on Education and Labor of the House of Representatives a report containing the following information:  (1) The prevalence of specific behaviors associated with prohibited harassment in employment

- 1 (2) The impact of prohibited harassment in em-2 ployment and violations of Federal civil rights laws 3 on the Federal Government, in terms of monetary 4 costs, attrition, and morale.
  - (3) The particular impact of prohibited harassment in employment on the experience of Federal employees with disabilities.
  - (4) Working in coordination with the Commission's Office of Federal Operations, a description of the differences in Federal agency policies, strategies, reporting mechanisms, training programs, and other practices regarding preventing and addressing prohibited harassment in employment.
  - (5) A description of which policies, strategies, reporting mechanisms, training programs, and other practices described in paragraph (4) have prevented, addressed, or reduced prohibited harassment in employment.
  - (6) Working in coordination with the Commission's Office of Federal Operations, joint recommendations from such Office and the Merit Systems Protection Board to Federal agencies on how to prevent and address prohibited harassment in employment.

1	(b) Authorization of Appropriations.—There
2	are authorized to be appropriated to the Merit Systems
3	Protection Board such sums as may be necessary to carry
4	out this section.
5	SEC. 113. STUDIES, REPORTS, AND FURTHER RESEARCH.
6	(a) Study and Report on Enforcement of Non-
7	DISCRIMINATION LAWS PROHIBITING HARASSMENT
8	Laws.—Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment
9	of this Act, the United States Commission on Civil Rights
10	shall prepare and submit to the Committee on Health,
11	Education, Labor, and Pensions of the Senate and the
12	Committee on Education and Labor of the House of Rep-
13	resentatives a report that shall examine enforcement of
14	the nondiscrimination laws prohibiting harassment includ-
15	ing—
16	(1) trends in enforcement of such laws;
17	(2) barriers to effective enforcement of such
18	laws;
19	(3) best practices in enforcement of such laws;
20	(4) recommendations about how to improve en-
21	forcement of such laws, including whether estab-
22	lishing individual liability for discrimination and har-
23	assment in employment would improve enforcement
24	of such laws; and

1	(5) how the experience of harassment for em-
2	ployees and individuals required to be afforded pro-
3	tections under section 301 has changed over time
4	since the passage of such laws.
5	(b) STUDY AND REPORT ON PREVENTION OF HAR-
6	ASSMENT IN EMPLOYMENT.—
7	(1) In general.—Not later than 60 days after
8	the date of enactment of this Act, the Director of
9	the National Institutes of Health shall enter into an
10	agreement with the National Academies of Sciences,
11	Engineering, and Medicine, through which the Na-
12	tional Academies of Science, Engineering, and Medi-
13	cine shall conduct a study on preventing and ad-
14	dressing prohibited harassment in employment.
15	(2) Contents.—Such study shall include—
16	(A) an evaluation of the existing research
17	of the causes of prohibited harassment in em-
18	ployment, including retaliation related to such
19	harassment, and gaps in such research;
20	(B) a review of the existing research re-
21	garding how prohibited harassment in employ-
22	ment impacts individuals;
23	(C) an evaluation of the existing research
24	on training to prevent prohibited harassment in
25	employment, including essential components of

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1	effective training to prevent such prohibited
2	harassment and retaliation, and gaps in such
3	research;
4	(D) an assessment of the efficacy and
5	availability of training models and programs to
6	prevent prohibited harassment in employment;
7	(E) the identification of employment or so-
8	cietal factors that increase the likelihood of pro-
9	hibited harassment in employment, particularly
10	across industries with a high number of individ-
11	uals who are vulnerable to experiencing such
12	prohibited harassment, including whether diver-
13	sity in leadership positions within an organiza-
14	tion reduces the likelihood of such prohibited
15	harassment;
16	(F) an examination of methods of induc-
17	ing, scaling, and sustaining institutional or or-
18	ganizational change to prevent prohibited har-
19	assment in employment;
20	(G) an analysis of policies, strategies, and
21	practices that have been the most successful in
22.	preventing and addressing prohibited harass-

ment in employment; and

- 1 (H) any other information or analysis nec-2 essary to identify the gaps in research and 3 other measures described in subsection (c).
- (3) Report.—Not later than 1 year after the 5 date of enactment of this Act, the National Acad-6 emies of Sciences, Engineering, and Medicine shall 7 prepare and submit to the Committee on Health, 8 Education, Labor, and Pensions of the Senate, the 9 Committee on Education and Labor of the House of 10 Representatives, and the Director of the National 11 Institutes of Health, a report containing the results 12 of the study conducted under this subsection and 13 recommendations to Congress, 14 branch agencies, private employers, and researchers. 15 Such recommendations shall include ways that such 16 training could be improved to result in behavioral 17 and cultural changes that prevent and reduce behav-18 iors associated with prohibited harassment in em-19 ployment. The report and recommendations shall be 20 made publicly available.
- 21 (c) Supporting Further Research on Pre-22 venting and Understanding Harassment in Em-23 ployment.—
- 24 (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 6 months 25 after the submission required under subsection

- 1 (b)(3), the Director of the National Institutes of
  2 Health, in consultation with the Commission and the
  3 Secretary of Labor, shall enter into agreements (in4 cluding through the use of grants, contracts, cooper5 ative agreements, or other transactions) to support
  6 research regarding—
  - (A) the gaps identified in the report required under subsection (b)(3) in research on the causes of prohibited harassment in employment, including retaliation related to such harassment;
  - (B) the gaps identified in the report required under subsection (b)(3) in research on the psychological sequelae of prohibited harassment in employment, including retaliation related to such harassment;
  - (C) gaps identified in the report required under subsection (b)(3) in research on special populations and their risk for prohibited harassment in employment, including adolescents, older individuals, racial and ethnic minorities, individuals with disabilities, women, and other populations that could be disproportionately affected by prohibited harassment in employment;

1	(D) gaps identified in the report required
2	under subsection (b)(3) in research on prohib-
3	ited harassment in employment, including retal-
4	iation related to such harassment, as a risk fac-
5	tor for various mental health problems;
6	(E) gaps identified in the report required
7	under subsection (b)(3) in research on
8	sociocultural correlations within prohibited har-
9	assment in employment, including retaliation
10	related to such harassment; and
11	(F) systematic and quantifiable measures
12	to evaluate prevention strategies for victims and
13	perpetrators of prohibited harassment in em-
14	ployment, including retaliation related to such
15	harassment.
16	(2) Authorization of appropriations.—
17	There are authorized to be appropriated to the Na-
18	tional Institutes of Health to carry out this sub-
19	section such sums as may be necessary.
20	<b>Subtitle C—Preventing Harassment</b>
21	of Tipped Employees
22	SEC. 121. TIPPED EMPLOYEES.
23	(a) Base Minimum Wage for Tipped Employees
24	AND TIPS RETAINED BY EMPLOYEES.—Section
25	3(m)(2)(A)(i) of the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938

1	(29 U.S.C. $203(m)(2)(A)(i)$ ) is amended to read as fol-
2	lows:
3	"(i) the cash wage paid such em-
4	ployee, which for purposes of such deter-
5	mination shall be not less than—
6	"(I) for the 1-year period begin-
7	ning on the effective date under sub-
8	section (e), \$3.60 an hour;
9	"(II) for each succeeding 1-year
10	period until the hourly wage under
11	this clause equals the wage in effect
12	under section 6(a)(1) for such period,
13	an hourly wage equal to the amount
14	determined under this clause for the
15	preceding year, increased by the lesser
16	of—
17	"(aa) \$1.50; or
18	"(bb) the amount necessary
19	for the wage in effect under this
20	clause to equal the wage in effect
21	under section $6(a)(1)$ for such
22	period, rounded up to the nearest
23	multiple of \$0.05; and
24	"(III) for each succeeding 1-year
25	period after the increase made pursu-

1	ant to subclause (II), the minimum
2	wage in effect under section $6(a)(1)$ ;
3	and".
4	(b) Tips Retained by Employees.—Section
5	3(m)(2)(A) of the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938 (29
6	U.S.C. 203(m)(2)(A)) is amended—
7	(1) in the second sentence of the matter fol-
8	lowing clause (ii), by striking "of this subsection,
9	and all tips received by such employee have been re-
10	tained by the employee" and inserting "of this sub-
11	section. Any employee shall have the right to retain
12	any tips received by such employee"; and
13	(2) by adding at the end the following: "An em-
14	ployer shall inform each employee of the right and
15	exception provided under the preceding sentence.".
16	(c) Publication of Notice.—Section 6 of the Fair
17	Labor Standards Act of 1938 (29 U.S.C. 206) is amended
18	by adding at the end the following:
19	"(h) Not later than 60 days prior to the effective date
20	of any increase in the required wage determined in accord-
21	ance with subclause (II) or (III) of section $3(m)(2)(A)(i)$ ,
22	the Secretary shall publish in the Federal Register and
23	on the website of the Department of Labor a notice an-
24	nouncing each increase in such required wage "

- 1 (d) Scheduled Repeal of Separate Minimum 2 Wage for Tipped Employees.—
- 3 (1) TIPPED EMPLOYEES.—Section 3(m)(2)(A) 4 of the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938 (29 U.S.C.
- 5 203(m)(2)(A), as amended by subsections (a) and
- 6 (b), is further amended by striking the sentence be-
- 7 ginning with "In determining the wage an employer
- 8 is required to pay a tipped employee," and all that
- 9 follows through "of this subsection." and inserting
- 10 "The wage required to be paid to a tipped employee
- shall be the wage set forth in section 6(a)(1).".
- 12 (2) Publication of Notice.—Section 6 of the
- 13 Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938 (29 U.S.C. 206),
- as amended by subsection (c), is further amended by
- striking subsection (h).
- 16 (3) Effective date.—The amendments made
- by paragraphs (1) and (2) shall take effect on the
- date that is one day after the date on which the
- 19 hourly wage under subclause (III) of section
- 3(m)(2)(A)(i) of the Fair Labor Standards Act of
- 21 1938 (29 U.S.C. 203(m)(2)(A)(i)), as amended by
- subsection (a), takes effect.
- 23 (e) Effective Date.—Except as provided in sub-
- 24 section (d)(3), this section and the amendments made by

1	this section shall take effect on the first day of the third
2	month that begins after the date of enactment of this Act.
3	TITLE II—STRENGTHENING
4	WORKPLACE RIGHTS
5	SEC. 201. CLARIFYING SEXUAL ORIENTATION DISCRIMINA-
6	TION AND GENDER IDENTITY DISCRIMINA-
7	TION ARE UNLAWFUL SEX DISCRIMINATION.
8	(a) Employment.—
9	(1) Rules of construction.—Title VII of
10	the Civil Rights Act of 1964 is amended by inserting
11	after section 701 (42 U.S.C. 2000e) the following:
12	"SEC. 701A. RULES OF CONSTRUCTION.
13	"Section 1106 shall apply to this title except that for
14	purposes of that application, a reference in that section
15	to an 'unlawful practice' shall be considered to be a ref-
16	erence to an 'unlawful employment practice'.".
17	(2) Unlawful employment practices.—
18	Section 703 of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 (42
19	U.S.C. 2000e-2) is amended—
20	(A) in the section header, by striking
21	"SEX," and inserting "SEX (INCLUDING SEX-
22	UAL ORIENTATION, GENDER IDENTITY,
23	PREGNANCY, CHILDBIRTH, A MEDICAL
24	CONDITION RELATED TO PREGNANCY OR
25	CHILDBIRTH, AND A SEX STEREOTYPE),";

1	(B) except in subsections (e), (j) and (m),
2	by striking "sex," each place it appears and in-
3	serting "sex (including sexual orientation, gen-
4	der identity, pregnancy, childbirth, a medical
5	condition related to pregnancy or childbirth,
6	and a sex stereotype),";
7	(C) in subsection (e)(1), by striking "en-
8	terprise," and inserting "enterprise, if, in a sit-
9	uation in which sex is a bona fide occupational
10	qualification, individuals are recognized as
11	qualified in accordance with their gender iden-
12	tity,'';
13	(D) in subsection (h), by striking "sex"
14	the second place it appears and inserting "sex
15	(including sexual orientation, gender identity,
16	pregnancy, childbirth, a medical condition re-
17	lated to pregnancy or childbirth, and a sex
18	stereotype),";
19	(E) in subsection (j)—
20	(i) by striking "sex," the first place it
21	appears and inserting "sex (including sex-
22	ual orientation, gender identity, pregnancy,
23	childbirth, a medical condition related to
24	pregnancy or childbirth, and a sex stereo-

type),"; and

1	(ii) by striking "sex," the second and
2	third places it appears and inserting "sex
3	(including sexual orientation, gender iden-
4	tity, pregnancy, childbirth, a medical con-
5	dition related to pregnancy or childbirth,
6	and a sex stereotype),"; and
7	(F) in subsection (m), by striking "sex,"
8	and inserting "sex (including sexual orientation,
9	gender identity, pregnancy, childbirth, a med-
10	ical condition related to pregnancy or childbirth,
11	and a sex stereotype),".
12	(3) Other unlawful employment prac-
13	TICES.—Section 704(b) of the Civil Rights Act of
14	1964 (42 U.S.C. 2000e–3(b)) is amended—
15	(A) by striking "sex," the first place it ap-
16	pears and inserting "sex (including sexual ori-
17	entation, gender identity, pregnancy, childbirth,
18	a medical condition related to pregnancy or
19	childbirth, and a sex stereotype),"; and
20	(B) by striking "employment." and insert-
21	ing "employment, if, in a situation in which sex
22	is a bona fide occupational qualification, indi-
23	viduals are recognized as qualified in accord-
24	ance with their gender identity.".

1	(4) Claims.—Section 706(g)(2)(A) of the Civil
2	Rights Act of 1964 $(2000e-5(g)(2)(A))$ is amended
3	by striking "sex," and inserting "sex (including sex-
4	ual orientation, gender identity, pregnancy, child-
5	birth, a medical condition related to pregnancy or
6	childbirth, and a sex stereotype),".
7	(5) Employment by federal govern-
8	MENT.—Section 717 of the Civil Rights Act of 1964
9	(42 U.S.C. 2000e–16) is amended—
10	(A) in subsection (a), by striking "sex,"
11	and inserting "sex (including sexual orientation,
12	gender identity, pregnancy, childbirth, a med-
13	ical condition related to pregnancy or childbirth,
14	and a sex stereotype),"; and
15	(B) in subsection (e), by striking "sex"
16	and inserting "sex (including sexual orientation,
17	gender identity, pregnancy, childbirth, a med-
18	ical condition related to pregnancy or childbirth,
19	and a sex stereotype),".
20	(6) Government employee rights act of
21	1991.—The Government Employee Rights Act of
22	1991 (42 U.S.C. 2000e–16a et seq.) is amended—
23	(A) in section 301(b), by striking "sex,"
24	and inserting "sex (including sexual orientation,
25	gender identity, pregnancy, childbirth, a med-

1	ical condition related to pregnancy or childbirth,
2	and a sex stereotype),";
3	(B) in section 302(a)(1), by striking "sex,"
4	and inserting "sex (including sexual orientation,
5	gender identity, pregnancy, childbirth, a med-
6	ical condition related to pregnancy or childbirth,
7	and a sex stereotype),"; and
8	(C) by adding at the end the following:
9	"SEC. 305. RULES OF CONSTRUCTION AND CLAIMS.
10	"Sections 1101(b), 1106, and 1107 of the Civil
11	Rights Act of 1964 shall apply to this title except that
12	for purposes of that application, a reference in that section
13	1106 to 'race, color, religion, sex (including sexual orienta-
14	tion, gender identity, pregnancy, childbirth, a medical con-
15	dition related to pregnancy or childbirth, and a sex stereo-
16	type), or national origin' shall be considered to be a ref-
17	erence to 'race, color, religion, sex (including sexual ori-
18	entation, gender identity, pregnancy, childbirth, a medical
19	condition related to pregnancy or childbirth, and a sex
20	stereotype), national origin, age, or disability'.".
21	(7) Congressional accountability act of
22	1995.—The Congressional Accountability Act of 1995
23	(2 U.S.C. 1301 et seq.) is amended—
24	(A) in section $201(a)(1)$ (2 U.S.C.
25	1311(a)(1)) by striking "sex," and inserting

1	"sex (including sexual orientation, gender iden-
2	tity, pregnancy, childbirth, a medical condition
3	related to pregnancy or childbirth, and a sex
4	stereotype),"; and
5	(B) by adding at the end of title II (42
6	U.S.C. 1311 et seq.) the following:
7	"SEC. 209. RULES OF CONSTRUCTION AND CLAIMS.
8	"Sections 1101(b), 1106, and 1107 of the Civil
9	Rights Act of 1964 shall apply to section 201 (and reme-
10	dial provisions of this Act related to section 201) except
11	that for purposes of that application, a reference in that
12	section 1106 to 'race, color, religion, sex (including sexual
13	orientation, gender identity, pregnancy, childbirth, a med-
14	ical condition related to pregnancy or childbirth, and a sex
15	stereotype), or national origin' shall be considered to be
16	a reference to 'race, color, religion, sex (including sexual
17	orientation, gender identity, pregnancy, childbirth, a med-
18	ical condition related to pregnancy or childbirth, and a sex
19	stereotype), national origin, age, or disability'.".
20	(8) CIVIL SERVICE REFORM ACT OF 1978.—
21	Chapter 23 of title 5, United States Code, is amend-
22	$\operatorname{ed}$ —
23	(A) in section 2301(b)(2), by striking
24	"sex," and inserting "sex (including sexual ori-
25	entation, gender identity, pregnancy, childbirth,

1	a medical condition related to pregnancy or
2	childbirth, and a sex stereotype),";
3	(B) in section 2302—
4	(i) in subsection (b)(1)(A), by striking
5	"sex," and inserting "sex (including sexual
6	orientation, gender identity, pregnancy,
7	childbirth, a medical condition related to
8	pregnancy or childbirth, and a sex stereo-
9	type),"; and
10	(ii) in subsection $(d)(1)$ , by striking
11	"sex," and inserting "sex (including sexual
12	orientation, gender identity, pregnancy,
13	childbirth, a medical condition related to
14	pregnancy or childbirth, and a sex stereo-
15	type),"; and
16	(C) by adding at the end the following:
17	"SEC. 2307. RULES OF CONSTRUCTION AND CLAIMS.
18	"Sections 1101(b), 1106, and 1107 of the Civil
19	Rights Act of 1964 shall apply to this chapter (and reme-
20	dial provisions of this title related to this chapter) except
21	that for purposes of that application, a reference in that
22	section 1106 to 'race, color, religion, sex (including sexual
23	orientation, gender identity, pregnancy, childbirth, a med-
24	ical condition related to pregnancy or childbirth, and a sex
25	stereotype), or national origin' shall be considered to be

1	a reference to 'race, color, religion, sex (including sexual
2	orientation, gender identity, pregnancy, childbirth, a med-
3	ical condition related to pregnancy or childbirth, and a sex
4	stereotype), national origin, age, disability, marital status,
5	or political affiliation'.".
6	(b) MISCELLANEOUS.—Title XI of the Civil Rights
7	Act of 1964 is amended—
8	(1) by redesignating sections 1101 through
9	1104 (42 U.S.C. 2000h et seq.) and sections 1105
10	and 1106 (42 U.S.C. 2000h–5, 2000h–6) as sections
11	1102 through $1105$ and sections $1108$ and $1109$ , re-
12	spectively;
13	(2) by inserting after the title heading the fol-
14	lowing:
15	"SEC. 1101. DEFINITIONS AND RULES.
16	"(a) Definitions.—In title VII:
17	"(1) Race; color; religion; sex; sexual
18	ORIENTATION; GENDER IDENTITY; NATIONAL ORI-
19	GIN.—The term 'race', 'color', 'religion', 'sex', or
20	'national origin', used with respect to an individual,
21	includes—
22	"(A) the race, color, religion, sex (includ-
23	ing sexual orientation, gender identity, preg-
24	nancy, childbirth, a medical condition related to
25	pregnancy or childbirth, and a sex stereotype),

1	or national origin, respectively, of another per-
2	son with whom the individual is associated or
3	has been associated; and
4	"(B) a perception or belief, even if inac-
5	curate, concerning the race, color, religion, sex
6	(including sexual orientation, gender identity,
7	pregnancy, childbirth, a medical condition re-
8	lated to pregnancy or childbirth, and a sex
9	stereotype), or national origin, respectively, of
10	the individual.
11	"(2) Gender identity.—The term 'gender
12	identity' means the gender-related identity, appear-
13	ance, mannerisms, or other gender-related character-
14	istics of an individual, regardless of the individual's
15	designated sex at birth.
16	"(3) Including.—The term 'including' means
17	including, but not limited to, consistent with the
18	term's standard meaning in Federal law.
19	"(4) Sexual orientation.—The term 'sexual
20	orientation' means homosexuality, heterosexuality, or
21	bisexuality.
22	"(b) Rules.—In title VII—
23	"(1) with respect to sex, an individual's preg-
24	nancy, childbirth, or related medical condition shall

1 not receive less favorable treatment than other phys-2 ical conditions; and "(2) with respect to gender identity, an indi-3 4 vidual shall not be denied access to a shared facility, 5 including a restroom, a locker room, and a dressing 6 room, that is in accordance with the individual's 7 gender identity."; and 8 (3) by inserting after section 1105 the fol-9 lowing: 10 "SEC. 1106. RULES OF CONSTRUCTION. 11 "(a) Sex.—Nothing in section 1101 or the provisions 12 of title VII incorporating a term defined or a rule specified 13 in that section shall be construed— 14 "(1) to limit the protection against an unlawful 15 practice on the basis of pregnancy, childbirth, a 16 medical condition related to pregnancy or childbirth 17 provided by section 701(k); or 18 "(2) to limit the protection against an unlawful 19 practice on the basis of sex available under any pro-20 vision of Federal law other than title VII, prohib-21 iting a practice on the basis of sex. 22 "(b) Claims and Remedies Not Precluded.— Nothing in section 1101 or title VII shall be construed to limit the claims or remedies available to any individual for an unlawful practice on the basis of race, color, reli-

- 1 gion, sex (including sexual orientation, gender identity,
- 2 pregnancy, childbirth, a medical condition related to preg-
- 3 nancy or childbirth, and a sex stereotype), or national ori-
- 4 gin including claims brought pursuant to section 1979 or
- 5 1980 of the Revised Statutes (42 U.S.C. 1983, 1985) or
- 6 any other law, including a Federal law amended by the
- 7 BE HEARD in the Workplace Act, regulation, or policy.
- 8 "(c) No Negative Inference.—Nothing in section
- 9 1101 or title VII shall be construed to support any infer-
- 10 ence that any Federal law prohibiting a practice on the
- 11 basis of sex does not prohibit discrimination on the basis
- 12 of pregnancy, childbirth, a medical condition related to
- 13 pregnancy or childbirth, sexual orientation, gender iden-
- 14 tity, or a sex stereotype.
- 15 "SEC. 1107. CLAIMS.
- 16 "The Religious Freedom Restoration Act of 1993 (42
- 17 U.S.C. 2000bb et seq.) shall not provide a claim con-
- 18 cerning, or a defense to a claim under, title VII, or provide
- 19 a basis for challenging the application or enforcement of
- 20 title VII.".
- 21 SEC. 202. COVERED EMPLOYERS.
- Section 701(b) of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 (42)
- 23 U.S.C. 2000e(b)) is amended by striking "fifteen" and in-
- 24 serting "one".

1	SEC. 203. COMPENSATORY AND PUNITIVE DAMAGES AVAIL-
2	ABLE.
3	(a) CIVIL RIGHTS; DISABILITY.—
4	(1) In general.—Section 1977A(b) of the Re-
5	vised Statutes (42 U.S.C. 1981a(b)) is amended by
6	striking paragraph (3) and inserting the following:
7	"(3) Losses.—Compensatory damages are
8	available under this section for future pecuniary
9	losses, emotional pain, suffering, inconvenience,
10	mental anguish, loss of enjoyment of life, and other
11	nonpecuniary losses.".
12	(2) Conforming amendments.—
13	(A) Section 201(b) of the Congressional
14	Accountability Act of 1995 (2 U.S.C. 1311(b))
15	is amended, in paragraphs (1)(B) and (3)(B)—
16	(i) by striking "and, irrespective of
17	the size of the employing office,
18	1977A(b)(3)(D)" and inserting "and
19	1977A(b)(3)"; and
20	(ii) by striking "and 1981a(b)(3)(D)"
21	and inserting "and 1981a(b)(3)".
22	(B) Section 411(b) of title 3, United
23	States Code, is amended, in paragraphs (1)(B)
24	and (3)(B), by striking "and, irrespective of the
25	size of the employing office, 1977A(b)(3)(D)"
26	and inserting "and 1977A(b)(3)".

1	(C) Section 207 of the Genetic Information
2	Nondiscrimination Act of 2008 (42 U.S.C.
3	2000ff-16) is amended, in paragraph (3) of
4	each of subsections (a) through (e), by striking
5	", including the limitations contained in sub-
6	section (b)(3) of such section 1977A,".
7	(b) Age.—Section 7(b) of the Age Discrimination in
8	Employment Act of 1967 (29 U.S.C. 626(b)) is amend-
9	ed—
10	(1) by striking "(b) The" and all that follows
11	through the third sentence and inserting the fol-
12	lowing:
13	"(b)(1) Except as otherwise provided in another sub-
14	section of this section, or section 9, the powers, remedies,
15	and procedures set forth in sections 705, 706, 707, 709,
16	and 710 of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 (42 U.S.C.
17	2000e-4, 2000e-5, 2000e-6, 2000e-8, and 2000e-9)
18	shall be the powers, remedies, and procedures this Act
19	provides to the Commission, to the Attorney General, or
20	to any person alleging discrimination on the basis of age
21	in violation of section 4, or regulations promulgated under
22	section 9."; and
23	(2) in the second sentence of that subsection
24	(b), as amended by paragraph (1), by striking "or
25	enforcing the liability for amounts deemed to be un-

1	paid minimum wages or unpaid overtime compensa-
2	tion under this section" and inserting "and includ-
3	ing any type of legal or equitable relief available
4	under title VII of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 (42
5	U.S.C. 2000e et seq.)".
6	SEC. 204. HARASSMENT AND DISCRIMINATION; STANDARDS
7	OF PROOF.
8	(a) FINDINGS.—Congress finds that—
9	(1) harassment is a persistent and significant
10	problem in the workplace in the United States;
11	(2) workers are harassed because of their sex
12	(including sexual orientation, gender identity, preg-
13	nancy, childbirth, or a medical condition related to
14	pregnancy or childbirth, and a sex stereotype), race,
15	color, religion, national origin, age, disability, genetic
16	information, and uniformed services status;
17	(3) Congress enacted title VII of the Civil
18	Rights Act of 1964 intending to provide broad pro-
19	tection from many forms of bias in the workplace;
20	(4) the Supreme Court has recognized in City
21	of Los Angeles Department of Water and Power v.
22	Manhart, 435 U.S. 702 (1978), that the protection
23	against sex discrimination in the terms, conditions,
24	or privileges of employment under title VII of the

Civil Rights Act of 1964 reflects Congress' intent to

1	"strike at the entire spectrum" of sex-based dis-
2	crimination in employment;
3	(5) in 1980, the Equal Employment Oppor-
4	tunity Commission (referred to in this section as
5	"the Commission") amended its Guidelines on Dis-
6	crimination Because of Sex (referred to in this sec-
7	tion as "the Guidelines") to specify that sexual har-
8	assment is a form of sex discrimination prohibited
9	by title VII of the Civil Rights Act of 1964;
10	(6) in the Guidelines, the Commission explained
11	that harassing conduct is unlawful where—
12	(A) "submission to such conduct is made
13	either explicitly or implicitly a term or condition
14	of an individual's employment";
15	(B) "submission to or rejection of such
16	conduct by an individual is used as the basis for
17	employment decisions"; or
18	(C) the conduct "has the purpose or effect
19	of unreasonably interfering with an individual's
20	work performance or creating an intimidating,
21	hostile, or offensive working environment";
22	(7) the Commission further explained that, with
23	respect to the evidence required to support a finding
24	of unlawful harassment, it "will look at the record

as a whole and at the totality of the circumstances,

- such as the nature of the sexual advances and the context in which the alleged incidents occurred" and emphasized that the "determination of the legality of a particular action will be made from the facts, on a case by case basis";
  - (8) six years later, the Supreme Court in Meritor Savings Bank v. Vinson, 477 U.S. 57 (1986), recognized that the protections under title VII of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 are not limited to discrimination that causes "economic" or "tangible" loss, and held that the phrase "terms, conditions, or privileges of employment" in title VII of such Act is an "expansive concept that sweeps within its protective ambit" the practice of creating a hostile work environment based on discrimination in the form of harassment;
    - (9) in reaching this conclusion in the Meritor decision, the Supreme Court cited and approved the Guidelines;
    - (10) in the Meritor decision, the Supreme Court cited with approval lower court decisions that concluded that a hostile work environment based on race, religion, or national origin violates the prohibition of discrimination in the terms, conditions, or

1	privileges of employment under title VII of the Civil
2	Rights Act of 1964, which decisions included—
3	(A) Rogers v. EEOC, 454 F.2d 234 (5th
4	Cir. 1971);
5	(B) Firefighters Institute for Racial
6	Equality v. City of St. Louis, 549 F.2d 506
7	(8th Cir. 1977);
8	(C) Gray v. Greyhound Lines, 545 F.2d
9	169 (D.C. Cir. 1976);
10	(D) Compston v. Borden, Inc., 424 F.
11	Supp. 157 (S.D. Ohio 1976); and
12	(E) Cariddi v. Kansas City Chiefs Football
13	Club, Inc., 568 F.2d 87 (8th Cir. 1977);
14	(11) in defining the evidence required to prove
15	a violation of title VII of the Civil Rights Act of
16	1964, in the Meritor decision, the Supreme Court
17	noted that harassment would be actionable when it
18	is "sufficiently severe or pervasive to alter the con-
19	ditions of [the victim's] employment and create an
20	abusive working environment'" (quoting Rogers v.
21	EEOC, 454 F.2d 234 (5th Cir. 1971));
22	(12) in Harris v. Forklift Systems, Inc., 510
23	U.S. 17 (1993), the Supreme Court clarified that
24	harassment need not seriously affect an employee's
25	psychological well-being or lead the employee to suf-

- fer injury in order to be unlawful, but rather, need merely create a work environment that a reasonable person in the protected class would find hostile or abusive;
  - (13) in Harris v. Forklift Systems, Inc., the Supreme Court held that whether a work environment is unlawfully hostile or abusive does not depend on any mathematically precise test, but rather, is to be determined by looking at all of the circumstances, with no single factor required;
    - (14) in National Railroad Passenger Corp. v. Morgan, 536 U.S. 101 (2002), the Supreme Court reaffirmed the Harris decision and further held that the hostility or abusiveness of each harassing act should be considered in the aggregate, not in isolation, regardless of whether such acts occur over days or even years;
    - (15) notwithstanding the rulings of the Supreme Court specified in this subsection, some lower court decisions have treated harassing conduct's severity or pervasiveness as the only 2 relevant factors in evaluating whether such conduct violates title VII of the Civil Rights Act of 1964;
- 24 (16) some lower court decisions have treated 25 "severe or pervasive" as a threshold for liability,

1	when the relevant inquiry is whether the harassing
2	conduct actually altered the terms, conditions, or
3	privileges of employment;
4	(17) some lower court decisions further have in-
5	terpreted the "severe or pervasive" language in the
6	Meritor decision so narrowly as to recognize only the
7	most egregious conduct as unlawful, despite Con-
8	gress' intent that title VII of the Civil Rights Act of
9	1964 afford a broad scope of protection from dis-
10	crimination;
11	(18) examples of decisions that use the erro-
12	neous analysis described in paragraphs (15) through
13	(17) in the context of harassment on the basis of sex
14	include—
15	(A) Singleton v. Department of Correc-
16	tional Education, 115 Fed. Appx. 119 (4th Cir.
17	2004);
18	(B) Black v. Zaring Homes, Inc., 104 F.3d
19	822 (6th Cir. 1997);
20	(C) Weiss v. Coca-Cola Bottling Co., 990
21	F.2d 333 (7th Cir. 1993);
22	(D) Rickard v. Swedish Match North
23	America, Inc., 773 F.3d 181 (8th Cir. 2014);
24	(E) Mitchell v. Pope, 189 F. Appx. 911
25	(11th Cir. 2006); and

1	(F) Brooks v. City of San Mateo, 229
2	F.3d 917 (9th Cir. 2000);
3	(19) lower courts have made similar erroneous
4	decisions in the context of harassment on the basis
5	of race, national origin, age, and disability such as
6	in Crawford v. Medina General Hospital, 96 F.3d
7	830 (6th Cir. 1996), Shaver v. Independent Stave
8	Co., 350 F.3d 716 (8th Cir. 2003), and Motley v.
9	Parker-Hannifan Corp., No. 1: 94–CV–639 (W.D.
10	Mich. 1995);
11	(20) in contrast, other lower court decisions ap-
12	plying the Meritor case and its progeny have appro-
13	priately recognized that a wide range of harassing
14	behavior may alter the terms, conditions, or privi-
15	leges of employment, with no single type, frequency,
16	or duration of conduct required to make a showing
17	of severe or pervasive harassment;
18	(21) for example, in the context of harassment
19	based on sex, those decisions have recognized that—
20	(A) conduct need not be physical to create
21	a hostile or abusive work environment, as in
22	Billings v. Town of Grafton, 515 F.3d 39 (1st
23	Cir. 2008);
24	(B) an individual need not be the target of
25	sexually demeaning conduct in order to experi-

1	ence unlawful harassment, as in Petrosino v.
2	Bell Atlantic, 385 F.3d 210 (2d Cir. 2004);
3	(C) power disparities, such as the young
4	age of the individual harassed, compound the
5	conduct's harmful effects, as in EEOC v. R&R
6	Ventures, 244 F.3d 334 (4th Cir. 2001);
7	(D) gender-based epithets were based on
8	sex and supported a finding that the workplace
9	was objectively hostile, as in Gallagher v. C.H.
10	Robinson Worldwide, Inc., 567 F.3d 263 (6th
11	Cir. 2009); and
12	(E) a single incident can alter the terms,
13	conditions, or privileges of employment, as in
14	Howley v. Town of Stratford, 217 F.3d 141 (2d
15	Cir. 2000);
16	(22) similarly, in the context of harassment
17	based on other protected characteristics, other
18	courts have appropriately held that—
19	(A) calling an individual an "old man" and
20	"pops" could contribute to actionably hostile
21	work environment based on age, as in Dediol v.
22	Best Chevrolet, Inc., 655 F.3d 435 (5th Cir.
23	2011);
24	(B) repeatedly calling an individual with
25	mental illness "crazy" and stating that the indi-

1	vidual is a threat to security is sufficient to
2	support a finding of a hostile work environment
3	based on disability, as in Quiles-Quiles v. Hen-
4	derson, 439 F.3d 1 (1st Cir. 2006); and
5	(C) a single incident of calling an African-
6	American individual the "n word" by a super-
7	visor is sufficient to support a finding of a hos-
8	tile work environment based on race, as in Rod-
9	gers v. Western-Southern Life Insurance Co.,
10	12 F.3d 668 (7th Cir. 1993); and
11	(23) similar erroneous decisions have been ren-
12	dered in the context of harassment on the basis of
13	sex in employment under title IX of the Education
14	Amendments of 1972 (20 U.S.C. 1681 et seq.), as
15	in Farmer v. Troy University, No. 5:17-CV-70-B0
16	(E.D.N.C. 2017).
17	(b) Purposes.—The purposes of this section are
18	to—
19	(1) enact into statutory law provisions that es-
20	tablish that workplace harassment is a violation of
21	the—
22	(A) protections from discrimination in the
23	"terms, conditions, or privileges of employ-
24	ment" found in title VII of the Civil Rights Act
25	of 1964 (42 U.S.C. 2000e et seq.);

1	(B) protections from disability discrimina-
2	tion found in title I of the Americans with Dis-
3	abilities Act of 1990 (42 U.S.C. 12111 et seq.)
4	and sections 501 and 505 of the Rehabilitation
5	Act of 1973 (29 U.S.C. 791, 794a);
6	(C) protections from age discrimination
7	found in the Age Discrimination in Employ-
8	ment Act of 1967 (29 U.S.C. 621 et seq.);
9	(D) protections from genetic information
10	discrimination found in title II of the Genetic
11	Information Nondiscrimination Act of 2008 (42
12	U.S.C. 2000ff et seq.); and
13	(E) protections from uniformed services
14	status discrimination found in section 4311 of
15	title 38, United States Code; and
16	(2) establish a liability standard for workplace
17	harassment that fulfills Congress' intent of providing
18	broad protection from discrimination in employment
19	on the basis of race, color, religion, sex (including
20	sexual orientation, gender identity, pregnancy, child-
21	birth, a medical condition related to pregnancy or
22	childbirth, and a sex stereotype), national origin,
23	age, disability, genetic information, and uniformed

services status.

(c) ENACTING INTO STATUTORY LAW PROVISIONS 1 ESTABLISHING WORKPLACE HARASSMENT AS AN UNLAW-FUL EMPLOYMENT PRACTICE.— 3 4 (1) Civil rights act of 1964.—Section 703 of 5 the Civil Rights Act of 1964 (42 U.S.C. 2000e–2) 6 is amended by adding at the end the following: "(o)(1)(A) In this subsection, the term 'workplace 7 8 harassment' means conduct based on race, color, religion, sex (including sexual orientation, gender identity, preg-10 nancy, childbirth, a medical condition related to pregnancy or childbirth, and a sex stereotype), or national origin, re-12 gardless of whether it is direct or indirect, or verbal or nonverbal, that unreasonably alters an individual's terms, 14 conditions, or privileges of employment, including by cre-15 ating an intimidating, hostile, or offensive work environ-16 ment. 17 "(B)(i) In this subsection, the term also means sexual 18 harassment, which is conduct that takes place in a cir-19 cumstance described in clause (ii) and that takes the form 20 of— "(I) a sexual advance: 21 22 "(II) a request for sexual favors; or 23 "(III) any other conduct of a sexual nature. "(ii) A circumstance described in this clause is a situ-24

ation in which—

1	"(I) submission to the conduct involved is made
2	either explicitly or implicitly a term or condition of
3	employment;
4	"(II) submission to or rejection of such conduct
5	is used as the basis for an employment decision af-
6	fecting an individual's employment; or
7	"(III) such conduct unreasonably alters an indi-
8	vidual's terms, conditions, or privileges of employ-
9	ment, including by creating an intimidating hostile,
10	or offensive work environment.
11	"(2) It shall be an unlawful employment practice
12	under subsection (a) to engage in workplace harassment.
13	"(3) In determining, for purposes of this subsection,
14	whether conduct constitutes workplace harassment be-
15	cause the conduct unreasonably alters an individual's
16	terms, conditions, or privileges of employment, including
17	by creating an intimidating, hostile, or offensive work en-
18	vironment, the following rules shall apply:
19	"(A) That determination shall be made on the
20	basis of the record as a whole, according to the to-
21	tality of the circumstances. A single incident may
22	constitute workplace harassment.
23	"(B) Incidents that may be workplace harass-
24	ment shall be considered in the aggregate, with—

1	"(i) conduct of varying types (such as ex-
2	pressions of sex-based hostility, requests for
3	sexual favors, and denial of employment oppor-
4	tunities due to sexual orientation) viewed in to-
5	tality, rather than in isolation; and
6	"(ii) conduct based on multiple protected
7	characteristics (such as sex and race) viewed in
8	totality, rather than in isolation.
9	"(C) The factors specified in this subparagraph
10	are among the factors to be considered in deter-
11	mining whether conduct constitutes workplace har-
12	assment and are not meant to be exhaustive. No one
13	of those factors shall be considered to be determina-
14	tive in establishing whether conduct constitutes
15	workplace harassment. Such factors are each of the
16	following:
17	"(i) The frequency of the conduct.
18	"(ii) The duration of the conduct.
19	"(iii) The location where the conduct oc-
20	curred.
21	"(iv) The number of individuals engaged in
22	the conduct.
23	"(v) The nature of the conduct, which may
24	include physical, verbal, pictorial, or visual con-

1	duct, and conduct that occurs in person or is
2	transmitted, such as electronically.
3	"(vi) Whether the conduct is threatening.
4	"(vii) Any power differential between the
5	alleged harasser and the person allegedly har-
6	assed.
7	"(viii) Any use of epithets, slurs, or other
8	conduct that is humiliating or degrading.
9	"(ix) Whether the conduct reflects stereo-
10	types about individuals in the protected class
11	involved.
12	"(4) In determining, for purposes of this subsection,
13	whether conduct constitutes workplace harassment, con-
14	duct may be workplace harassment regardless of whether,
15	for example—
16	"(A) the complaining party is not the individual
17	being harassed;
18	"(B) the complaining party acquiesced or other-
19	wise submitted to, or participated in, the conduct;
20	"(C) the conduct is also experienced by others
21	outside the protected class involved;
22	"(D) the complaining party was able to con-
23	tinue carrying out duties and responsibilities of the
24	party's job despite the conduct;

1	"(E) the conduct did not cause a tangible in-
2	jury or psychological injury; or
3	"(F) the conduct occurred outside of the work-
4	place.".
5	(2) Americans with disabilities act of
6	1990.—Section 102(b) of the Americans with Disabil-
7	ities Act (42 U.S.C. 12112(b)) is amended—
8	(A) in paragraph (6), by striking "and" at
9	the end;
10	(B) in paragraph (7), by striking the pe-
11	riod and inserting "; and; and
12	(C) by adding at the end the following:
13	"(8) engaging in workplace harassment, which
14	is conduct based on disability, regardless of whether
15	it is direct or indirect, or verbal or nonverbal, that—
16	"(A) unreasonably alters an individual's
17	terms, conditions, or privileges of employment,
18	including by creating an intimidating, hostile,
19	or offensive work environment; and
20	"(B) is determined to be such harassment
21	in accordance with paragraphs (3) and (4) of
22	section 703(o) of the Civil Rights Act of 1964
23	(42 U.S.C. 2000e–2(o)).".
24	(3) Rehabilitation act of 1973.—Section
25	501(f) of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 (29 U.S.C.

- 791(f)) is amended by inserting ", including section 102(b) of that Act (42 U.S.C. 12112(b))", before "and the provisions".
- 4 (4) AGE DISCRIMINATION IN EMPLOYMENT
  5 ACT.—Section 4 of the Age Discrimination in Employment Act of 1967 (29 U.S.C. 623) is amended
  7 by adding at the end the following:
- 8 "(n) It shall be unlawful under subsection (a) to en-9 gage in workplace harassment, which is conduct based on 10 age, regardless of whether it is direct or indirect, or verbal 11 or nonverbal, that—
- "(1) unreasonably alters an individual's terms, conditions, or privileges of employment, including by creating an intimidating, hostile, or offensive work environment; and
  - "(2) is determined to be such harassment in accordance with paragraphs (3) and (4) of section 703(o) of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 (42 U.S.C. 2000e–2(o)).".
- 20 (5) GENETIC INFORMATION NONDISCRIMINA-21 TION ACT OF 2008.—Section 202 of the Genetic In-22 formation Nondiscrimination Act of 2008 (42 U.S.C. 23 2000ff-1) is amended by adding at the end the fol-24 lowing:

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- 1 "(d) Workplace Harassment.—It shall be an un-
- 2 lawful employment practice under subsection (a) to engage
- 3 in workplace harassment, which is conduct based on ge-
- 4 netic information, regardless of whether it is direct or indi-
- 5 rect, or verbal or nonverbal, that—
- 6 "(1) unreasonably alters an individual's terms,
- 7 conditions, or privileges of employment, including by
- 8 creating an intimidating, hostile, or offensive work
- 9 environment; and
- "(2) is determined to be such harassment in ac-
- 11 cordance with paragraphs (3) and (4) of section
- 12 703(o) of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 (42 U.S.C.
- 13 2000e-2(o).".
- 14 (6) Chapter 43 of title 38, united states
- 15 CODE.—Section 4311 of title 38, United States
- 16 Code, is amended by adding at the end the fol-
- lowing:
- 18 "(e) It shall be an unlawful employment practice
- 19 under subsection (a) to engage in workplace harassment,
- 20 which is conduct based on uniformed services status
- 21 (meaning the membership, application for membership,
- 22 performance of service, application for service, or obliga-
- 23 tion, described in subsection (a)), regardless of whether
- 24 it is direct or indirect, or verbal or nonverbal, that—

1	"(1) unreasonably alters an individual's benefits
2	of employment, including by creating an intimi-
3	dating, hostile, or offensive work environment; and
4	"(2) is determined to be such harassment in ac-
5	cordance with paragraphs (3) and (4) of section
6	703(o) of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 (42 U.S.C
7	2000e–2(o)).".
8	SEC. 205. CLARIFYING OTHER STANDARDS OF PROOF.
9	(a) Amendments to Definitions.—
10	(1) Americans with disabilities act of
11	1990.—Section 101 of the Americans with Disabil-
12	ities Act of 1990 (42 U.S.C. 12111) is amended by
13	adding at the end the following:
14	"(11) Demonstrates.—The term 'dem-
15	onstrates' means meets the burdens of production
16	and persuasion.".
17	(2) Age discrimination in employment act
18	OF 1967.—Section 11 of the Age Discrimination in
19	Employment Act of 1967 (29 U.S.C. 630) is amend-
20	ed by adding at the end the following:
21	"(m) The term 'demonstrates' means meets the bur-
22	dens of production and persuasion.".
23	(3) Genetic information nondiscrimina-
24	TION ACT OF 2008.—Section 201 of the Genetic In-
25	formation Nondiscrimination Act of 2008 (42 U.S.C.

1	2000ff) is amended by adding at the end the fol-
2	lowing:
3	"(8) Demonstrates.—The term 'dem-
4	onstrates' means meets the burdens of production
5	and persuasion.".
6	(b) Clarifying Prohibition Against Impermis-
7	SIBLE CONSIDERATION IN EMPLOYMENT PRACTICES.—
8	(1) RACE, COLOR, RELIGION, SEX, OR NA-
9	TIONAL ORIGIN.—Section 703 of the Civil Rights
10	Act of 1964 (42 U.S.C. 2000e–2) is amended by
11	striking subsection (m) and inserting the following:
12	"(m) Except as otherwise provided in this title, an
13	unlawful employment practice is established under this
14	title when the complaining party demonstrates that race,
15	color, religion, sex, or national origin or an activity pro-
16	tected by section 704(a) was a motivating factor for any
17	employment practice, even though other factors also moti-
18	vated the practice.".
19	(2) DISABILITY.—Section 102 of the Americans
20	with Disabilities Act of 1990 (42 U.S.C. 12112) is
21	amended by adding at the end the following:
22	"(e) Proof.—
23	"(1) Establishment.—Except as otherwise
24	provided in this Act, a discriminatory practice is es-
25	tablished under this Act when the complaining party

1 demonstrates that disability or an activity protected 2 by subsection (a) or (b) of section 503 was a moti-3 vating factor for any employment practice, even 4 though other factors also motivated the practice. "(2) Demonstration.—In establishing a dis-5 6 criminatory practice under paragraph (1) or by any 7 other method of proof, a complaining party— "(A) may rely on any type or form of ad-8 9 missible evidence and need only produce evidence sufficient for a reasonable trier of fact to 10 11 find that a discriminatory practice occurred 12 under this Act; and 13 "(B) shall not be required to demonstrate 14 that disability or an activity protected by sub-15 section (a) or (b) of section 503 was the sole 16 cause of an employment practice.". 17 (3) AGE.—Section 4 of the Age Discrimination 18 in Employment Act of 1967 (29 U.S.C. 623) is 19 amended by inserting after subsection (f) the fol-20 lowing: "(g)(1) Except as otherwise provided in this Act, an 21 22 unlawful practice is established under this Act when the 23 complaining party demonstrates that age or an activity

protected by subsection (d) was a motivating factor for

- 1 any practice, even though other factors also motivated the
- 2 practice.
- 3 "(2) In establishing an unlawful practice under this
- 4 Act, including under paragraph (1) or by any other meth-
- 5 od of proof, a complaining party—
- 6 "(A) may rely on any type or form of admis-
- 7 sible evidence and need only produce evidence suffi-
- 8 cient for a reasonable trier of fact to find that an
- 9 unlawful practice occurred under this Act; and
- "(B) shall not be required to demonstrate that
- age or an activity protected by subsection (d) was
- the sole cause of a practice.".
- 13 (4) Genetic information.—Section 202 of
- the Genetic Information Nondiscrimination Act of
- 15 2008 (42 U.S.C. 2000ff–1), as amended by section
- 204(c)(5), is further amended by adding at the end
- the following:
- 18 "(e) Proof.—
- 19 "(1) ESTABLISHMENT.—Except as otherwise
- provided in this title, an unlawful employment prac-
- 21 tice is established under this title when the com-
- 22 plaining party demonstrates that genetic information
- or an activity protected by section 207(f) was a mo-
- 24 tivating factor for any employment practice, even
- 25 though other factors also motivated the practice.

1	"(2) Demonstration.—In establishing an un-
2	lawful employment practice under paragraph (1) or
3	by any other method of proof, a complaining party—
4	"(A) may rely on any type or form of ad-
5	missible evidence and need only produce evi-
6	dence sufficient for a reasonable trier of fact to
7	find that an unlawful employment practice oc-
8	curred under this title; and
9	"(B) shall not be required to demonstrate
10	that genetic information or an activity protected
11	by section 207(f) was the sole cause of an em-
12	ployment practice.".
13	(c) CERTAIN RETALIATION CLAIMS.—
14	(1) Americans with disabilities act of
15	1990.—Section 503(c) of the Americans with Disabil-
16	ities Act of 1990 (42 U.S.C. 12203(c)) is amend-
17	ed—
18	(A) by striking "The remedies" and insert-
19	ing the following:
20	"(1) In general.—Except as provided in para-
21	graph (2), the remedies"; and
22	(B) by adding at the end the following:
23	"(2) Certain antiretaliation claims.—Sec-
24	tion 107(c) shall apply to claims under section
25	102(e)(1) with respect to title I.".

1	(2) Age discrimination in employment act
2	OF 1967.—Section 4(d) of the Age Discrimination in
3	Employment Act of 1967 (29 U.S.C. 623(d)) is
4	amended—
5	(A) by striking "(d) It shall be" and in-
6	serting "(d)(1) It shall be"; and
7	(B) by adding at the end the following:
8	"(2) Section 7(b)(2) shall apply to claims under sec-
9	tion $4(g)(1)$ .".
10	(3) Genetic information nondiscrimina-
11	TION ACT OF 2008.—Section 207(f) of the Genetic
12	Information Nondiscrimination Act of 2008 (42
13	U.S.C. 2000ff-6(f)) is amended—
14	(A) by striking "No" and inserting the fol-
15	lowing:
16	"(1) In general.—No";
17	(B) in the second sentence, by striking
18	"The remedies" and inserting "Except as pro-
19	vided in paragraph (2), the remedies"; and
20	(C) by adding at the end the following:
21	"(2) CERTAIN RETALIATION CLAIMS.—Sub-
22	section (g) shall apply to claims under section
23	202(d)(1).".
24	(d) Remedies.—

1	(1) Americans with disabilities act of
2	1990.—Section 107 of the Americans with Disabil-
3	ities Act of 1990 (42 U.S.C. 12117) is amended by
4	adding at the end the following:
5	"(c) Discriminatory Motivating Factor.—On a
6	claim in which an individual proves a violation under sec-
7	tion 102(e)(1), and a respondent demonstrates that the
8	respondent would have taken the same action in the ab-
9	sence of the impermissible motivating factor, the court—
10	"(1) may grant declaratory relief, injunctive re-
11	lief (except as provided in paragraph (2)), and attor-
12	ney's fees and costs demonstrated to be directly at-
13	tributable only to the pursuit of a claim under sec-
14	tion $102(e)(1)$ ; and
15	"(2) shall not award damages or issue an order
16	requiring any admission, reinstatement, hiring, pro-
17	motion, or payment.".
18	(2) Age discrimination in employment act
19	OF 1967.—Section 7 of the Age Discrimination in
20	Employment Act of 1967 (29 U.S.C. 626) is amend-
21	$\operatorname{ed}$ —
22	(A) in subsection (b), as amended by sec-
23	tion 203(b)—

1	(i) in the second sentence, by striking
2	"In" and inserting "Subject to paragraph
3	(2), in'';
4	(ii) in the third sentence, by striking
5	"Before" and inserting the following:
6	"(3) Before"; and
7	(iii) by inserting before paragraph (3),
8	as designated by clause (ii), the following:
9	"(2) On a claim in which an individual proves a viola-
10	tion under section $4(g)(1)$ , and a respondent demonstrates
11	that the respondent would have taken the same action in
12	the absence of the impermissible motivating factor, the
13	court—
14	"(A) may grant declaratory relief, injunctive re-
15	lief (except as provided in subparagraph (B)), and
16	attorney's fees and costs demonstrated to be directly
17	attributable only to the pursuit of a claim under sec-
18	tion $4(g)(1)$ ; and
19	"(B) shall not award damages or issue an order
20	requiring any admission, reinstatement, hiring, pro-
21	motion, or payment."; and
22	(B) in subsection (c)—
23	(i) in paragraph (1), by striking
24	"Any" and inserting "Subject to sub-
25	section (b)(2), any"; and

1	(ii) in paragraph (2), by striking "of
2	any issue of fact" and all that follows
3	through the period and inserting "under
4	the same circumstances as a trial by jury
5	is available under title VII of the Civil
6	Rights Act of 1964 (42 U.S.C. 2000e et
7	seq.).".
8	(3) Genetic information nondiscrimina-
9	TION ACT OF 2008.—Section 207 of the Genetic In-
10	formation Nondiscrimination Act of 2008 (42 U.S.C.
11	2000ff-6) is amended—
12	(A) by redesignating subsection (g) as sub-
13	section (h); and
14	(B) by inserting after subsection (f) the
15	following:
16	"(g) MOTIVATING FACTOR.—On a claim in which an
17	individual proves a violation under section 202(e)(1), in-
18	cluding a claim involving an employee or applicant de-
19	scribed in any of subsections (a) through (e), and a re-
20	spondent demonstrates that the respondent would have
21	taken the same action in the absence of the impermissible
22	motivating factor, the court or the corresponding decision-
23	maker specified in subsections (a) through (e)—
24	"(1) may grant declaratory relief, injunctive re-
25	lief (except as provided in paragraph (2)), and attor-

1	ney's fees and costs demonstrated to be directly at-
2	tributable only to the pursuit of a claim under sec-
3	tion $202(d)(1)$ ; and
4	"(2) shall not award damages or issue an order
5	requiring any admission, reinstatement, hiring, pro-
6	motion, or payment.".
7	(e) Federal Employees.—
8	(1) TITLE VII OF THE CIVIL RIGHTS ACT OF
9	1964.—Section 717 of the Civil Rights Act of 1964
10	(42 U.S.C. 2000e-16) is amended by adding at the
11	end the following:
12	"(g) Sections $703(m)$ and $706(g)(2)(B)$ shall apply
13	to mixed motive cases (involving practices described in sec-
14	tion 703(m)) under this section.".
15	(2) REHABILITATION ACT OF 1973.—The
16	amendment made by subsection (f) to section 501(f)
17	of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 (29 U.S.C. 791(f))
18	shall be construed to apply to all employees covered
19	by section 501 of that Act (29 U.S.C. 791).
20	(3) Age discrimination in employment act
21	OF 1967.—Section 15 of the Age Discrimination in
22	Employment Act of 1967 (29 U.S.C. 633a) is
23	amended—
24	(A) in subsection (a)—

1	(i) by striking "States) in" and insert-
2	ing "States) shall be made free from any
3	discrimination based on age, in—";
4	(ii) by striking "military depart-
5	ments" and inserting the following:
6	"(1) military departments";
7	(iii) by striking "Code, in executive
8	agencies" and inserting the following:
9	"Code;
10	"(2) executive agencies";
11	(iv) by striking "funds), in the United
12	States Postal" and inserting the following:
13	"funds);
14	"(3) the United States Postal";
15	(v) by striking "Commission, in those
16	units" and inserting the following: "Com-
17	mission;
18	"(4) those units";
19	(vi) by striking "competitive service,
20	and in those units" and inserting the fol-
21	lowing: "competitive service;
22	"(5) those units";
23	(vii) by striking "competitive service,
24	in the Smithsonian" and inserting "com-
25	petitive service;

1	"(6) the Smithsonian";
2	(viii) by striking "Institution, and in
3	the Government" and inserting "Institu-
4	tion;
5	"(7) the Government";
6	(ix) by striking "Printing Office, the
7	General" and inserting "Printing Office;
8	"(8) the General";
9	(x) by striking "Office, and the Li-
10	brary" and inserting "Office; and
11	"(9) the Library"; and
12	(xi) by striking "of Congress" and all
13	that follows and inserting "of Congress.";
14	(B) in subsection (b), by striking the first,
15	second, third, fourth, and sixth sentences;
16	(C) in subsection (c), by striking "Any per-
17	son" and inserting "Notwithstanding any other
18	provision of this Act, any person";
19	(D) by striking subsection (g) and insert-
20	ing the following:
21	"(g) Except as otherwise provided in another sub-
22	section of this section, section 7, or section 9, the powers,
23	remedies, and procedures provided in section 717 of the
24	Civil Rights Act of 1964 (42 U.S.C. 2000e–16) to the
25	Commission, the Attorney General, the Librarian of Con-

- 1 gress, or any person, alleging a violation of that section
- 2 shall be the powers, remedies, and procedures this Act
- 3 provides to the Commission, the Attorney General, the Li-
- 4 brarian of Congress, or any person, respectively, alleging
- 5 an unlawful employment practice in violation of subsection
- 6 (a) against an employee or applicant for employment de-
- 7 scribed in subsection (a)."; and
- 8 (E) by adding at the end the following:
- 9 "(h) Section 4(g) shall apply to mixed motive claims
- 10 (involving practices described in section 4(g)(1)) under
- 11 this section.".
- 12 (f) Additional Amendments to the Rehabilita-
- 13 TION ACT OF 1973.—Sections 501(f), 503(d), and 504(d)
- 14 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 (29 U.S.C. 791(f),
- 15 793(d), and 794(d)), are each amended by adding after
- 16 the words "title I of the Americans with Disabilities Act
- 17 of 1990 (42 U.S.C. 12111 et seq.)" the following: ", in-
- 18 cluding the standards of causation and methods of proof
- 19 applied under section 102(e) of that Act (42 U.S.C.
- 20 12112(e)),".
- 21 (g) OTHER GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES.—
- 22 (1) Congressional accountability act of
- 23 1995.—Section 201 of the Congressional Account-
- 24 ability Act of 1995 (2 U.S.C. 1311) is amended—

1	(A) in subsection $(a)(2)$ , by striking "sec-
2	tion 15 of the Age Discrimination in Employ-
3	ment Act of 1967 (29 U.S.C. 633a)" and in-
4	serting "sections 4(g) and 15 of the Age Dis-
5	crimination in Employment Act of 1967 (29
6	U.S.C. 623(g), 633a)"; and
7	(B) in subsection (b)—
8	(i) in paragraph (2)(A), by striking
9	"section 15(c) of the Age Discrimination in
10	Employment Act of 1967 (29 U.S.C.
11	633a(e))" and inserting "section $4(d)(2)$ ,
12	paragraphs (1) and (2) of section 7(b),
13	and section 15(c) of the Age Discrimina-
14	tion in Employment Act of 1967 (29
15	U.S.C. $623(d)(2)$ , $626(b)$ , $633a(e)$ )"; and
16	(ii) in paragraph (3)(A), by striking
17	"section 107(a) of the Americans with Dis-
18	abilities Act of 1990 (42 U.S.C.
19	12117(a))" and inserting "subsections (a)
20	and (e) of section 107, and section
21	503(c)(2), of the Americans with Disabil-
22	ities Act of 1990 (42 U.S.C. 12117,
23	12203)".
24	(2) Title 3, united states code.—Section
25	411 of title 3, United States Code, is amended—

1	(A) in subsection $(a)(2)$ , by striking "sec-
2	tion 15 of the Age Discrimination in Employ-
3	ment Act of 1967" and inserting "sections 4(g)
4	and 15 of the Age Discrimination in Employ-
5	ment Act of 1967"; and
6	(B) in subsection (b)—
7	(i) in paragraph (2)(A), by striking
8	"section 15(c) of the Age Discrimination in
9	Employment Act of 1967" and inserting
10	"section $4(d)(2)$ , paragraphs $(1)$ and $(2)$ of
11	section 7(b), and section 15(c) of the Age
12	Discrimination in Employment Act of
13	1967"; and
14	(ii) in paragraph (3)(A), by striking
15	"section 107(a) of the Americans with Dis-
16	abilities Act of 1990" and inserting "sub-
17	sections (a) and (c) of section 107, and
18	section 503(c)(2), of the Americans with
19	Disabilities Act of 1990".
20	(3) Government employee rights act of
21	1991.—Section 302 of the Government Employee
22	Rights Act of 1991 (42 U.S.C. 2000e–16b) is
23	amended—
24	(A) in subsection (a)(2), by striking "sec-
25	tion 15 of the Age Discrimination in Employ-

ment Act of 1967 (29 U.S.C. 633a)" and in-1 2 serting "sections 4(g) and 15 of the Age Dis-3 crimination in Employment Act of 1967 (29) 4 U.S.C. 623(g), 633a)"; and 5 (B) in subsection (b)— 6 (i) in paragraph (1), by inserting "(and, in the case of a violation of sub-7 8 section (a)(3),sections 107(c)and 9 503(c)(2) of the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 (42 U.S.C. 12117(c), 10 11 12203(c)(2))" before ", and"; and (ii) in paragraph (2), by striking "sec-12 13 tion 15(c) of the Age Discrimination in 14 Employment Act of 1967 (29 U.S.C. 15 633a(c)" and inserting "section 4(d)(2), 16 paragraphs (1) and (2) of section 7(b), 17 and section 15(c) of the Age Discrimina-18 tion in Employment Act of 1967 (29) 19 U.S.C. 623(d)(2), 626(b), 633a(c))". 20 (h) APPLICATION.—This section, and the amend-21 ments made by this section, shall apply to all claims pending on or after the date of enactment of this Act. 23 SEC. 206. SUPERVISOR LIABILITY. 24 (a) Amendment to Title VII of the Civil RIGHTS ACT OF 1964.—

1	(1) Standard for employer liability for
2	HOSTILE WORK ENVIRONMENT.—Section 703 of the
3	Civil Rights Act of 1964 (42 U.S.C. 2000e–2), as
4	amended by $204(c)(1)$ , is further amended by adding
5	at the end the following:
6	"(p) Subject to section 206(j) of the BE HEARD in
7	the Workplace Act, an employer shall be liable for the acts
8	of any individual whose harassment of an employee has
9	created or continued a hostile work environment that con-
10	stitutes an unlawful employment practice under this sec-
11	tion if, at the time of the harassment—
12	"(1) such individual was authorized by that em-
13	ployer—
14	"(A) to undertake or recommend tangible
15	employment actions affecting the employee; or
16	"(B) to direct the employee's daily work
17	activities; or
18	"(2) the negligence of the employer led to the
19	creation or continuation of that hostile work environ-
20	ment.".
21	(2) Standard for employer liability for
22	RETALIATORY HOSTILE WORK ENVIRONMENT.—Sec-
23	tion 704 of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 (42 U.S.C.
24	2000e-3), as amended by section 201(a)(3), is fur-
25	ther amended—

1	(A) by redesignating subsection (b) as sub-
2	section (c); and
3	(B) by inserting after subsection (a) the
4	following:
5	"(b) Subject to section 206(j) of the BE HEARD in
6	the Workplace Act, an employer shall be liable for the acts
7	of any individual whose harassment of an employee has
8	created or continued a retaliatory hostile work environ-
9	ment that constitutes an unlawful employment practice as
10	described under subsection (a) if, at the time of the har-
11	assment—
12	"(1) such individual was authorized by that em-
13	ployer—
14	"(A) to undertake or recommend tangible
15	employment actions affecting the employee; or
16	"(B) to direct the employee's daily work
17	activities; or
18	"(2) the negligence of the employer led to the
19	creation or continuation of that retaliatory hostile
20	work environment.".
21	(3) Federal employees.—Section 717 of the
22	Civil Rights Act of 1964 (42 U.S.C. 2000e–16), as
23	amended by section 205(e)(1), is further amended
24	by adding at the end the following:

1	"(h) The provisions of sections 703(p) and 704(b)
2	shall apply to hostile work environment claims and retalia-
3	tory hostile work environment claims, respectively, under
4	this section.".
5	(b) Amendment to the Age Discrimination in
6	EMPLOYMENT ACT OF 1967.—
7	(1) Standard for employer liability for
8	HOSTILE WORK ENVIRONMENT.—Section 4 of the
9	Age Discrimination in Employment Act of 1967 (29
10	U.S.C. 623), as amended by section 204(c)(4), is
11	further amended by adding at the end the following:
12	"(o) Subject to section 206(j) of the BE HEARD in
13	the Workplace Act, an employer shall be liable for the acts
14	of any individual whose harassment of an employee has
15	created or continued a hostile work environment that is
16	unlawful under this section if, at the time of the harass-
17	ment—
18	"(1) such individual was authorized by that em-
19	ployer—
20	"(A) to undertake or recommend tangible
21	employment actions affecting the employee; or
22	"(B) to direct the employee's daily work
23	activities; or

1	"(2) the negligence of the employer led to the
2	creation or continuation of that hostile work environ-
3	ment.".
4	(2) Standard for employer liability for
5	RETALIATORY HOSTILE WORK ENVIRONMENT.—Sec-
6	tion 4(d)(1) of the Age Discrimination in Employ-
7	ment Act of 1967 (29 U.S.C. 623(d)(1)), as amend-
8	ed by section 205(c)(2), is further amended by strik-
9	ing "or litigation under this Act." and inserting "or
10	litigation under this Act. Subject to section 206(j) of
11	the BE HEARD in the Workplace Act, an employer
12	shall be liable for the acts of any individual whose
13	harassment of an employee has created or continued
14	a retaliatory hostile work environment that is unlaw-
15	ful under this subsection if, at the time of the har-
16	assment—
17	"(A) such individual was authorized by
18	that employer—
19	"(i) to undertake or recommend tan-
20	gible employment actions affecting the em-
21	ployee; or
22	"(ii) to direct the employee's daily
23	work activities; or

1	"(B) the negligence of the employer led to
2	the creation or continuation of that retaliatory
3	hostile work environment.".
4	(3) Federal employees.—Section 15 of the
5	Age Discrimination in Employment Act of 1967 (29
6	U.S.C. 633a), as amended by section 205(e)(3), is
7	further amended by adding at the end the following:
8	"(i) Subsections (d) and (o) of section 4 shall apply
9	to retaliatory hostile work environment claims and hostile
10	work environment claims, respectively, under this sec-
11	tion.".
12	(c) Amendment to the Americans With Disabil-
13	ITIES ACT OF 1990.—
14	(1) STANDARD FOR EMPLOYER LIABILITY FOR
15	HOSTILE WORK ENVIRONMENT.—Section 102 of the
16	Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 (42 U.S.C.
17	12112), as amended by section 205(b)(2), is further
18	amended by adding at the end the following:
19	"(f) Subject to section 206(j) of the BE HEARD in
20	the Workplace Act, an employer shall be liable for the acts
21	of any individual whose harassment of an employee has
22	created or continued a hostile work environment that con-
23	stitutes discrimination against a qualified individual on
24	the basis of disability under this section if, at the time

25 of the harassment—

1	"(1) such individual was authorized by the em-
2	ployer—
3	"(A) to undertake or recommend tangible
4	employment actions affecting the qualified indi-
5	vidual; or
6	"(B) to direct the qualified individual's
7	daily work activities; or
8	"(2) the negligence of the employer led to the
9	creation or continuation of that hostile work environ-
10	ment.".
11	(2) Standard for employer liability for
12	RETALIATORY HOSTILE WORK ENVIRONMENT.—Sec-
13	tion 503 of the Americans with Disabilities Act of
14	1990 (42 U.S.C. 12203) is amended—
15	(A) by redesignating subsection (c) as sub-
16	section (d);
17	(B) by inserting after subsection (b) the
18	following:
19	"(c) Subject to section 206(j) of the BE HEARD in
20	the Workplace Act, an employer shall be liable for the acts
21	of any individual whose harassment of an employee has
22	created or continued a retaliatory hostile work environ-
23	ment that constitutes retaliatory discrimination, as de-
24	scribed in subsection (a), or the carrying out of any unlaw-

1	ful acts described in subsection (b), if, at the time of the
2	harassment—
3	"(1) such individual was authorized by the em-
4	ployer—
5	"(A) to undertake or recommend tangible
6	employment actions affecting the employee; or
7	"(B) to direct the employee's daily work
8	activities; or
9	"(2) the negligence of the employer led to the
10	creation or continuation of that retaliatory hostile
11	work environment."; and
12	(C) in subsection (d), as redesignated by
13	subparagraph (A), by striking "subsections (a)
14	and (b)" and inserting "subsections (a), (b),
15	and (e)".
16	(d) Amendment to the Rehabilitation Act of
17	1973.—
18	(1) STANDARD FOR EMPLOYER LIABILITY FOR
19	HOSTILE WORK ENVIRONMENT AND RETALIATORY
20	HOSTILE WORK ENVIRONMENT.—Section 501 of the
21	Rehabilitation Act of 1973 (29 U.S.C. 791) is
22	amended by adding at the end the following:
23	"(h) Subject to section 206(j) of the BE HEARD in
24	the Workplace Act, each department, agency, and instru-
25	mentality in the executive branch of Government and the

1	Smithsonian Institution shall be liable for the acts of any
2	individual within such department, agency, instrumen-
3	tality, or the Smithsonian Institution whose harassment
4	of an individual with a disability has created or continued
5	a hostile work environment, or a retaliatory hostile work
6	environment, that constitutes nonaffirmative action em-
7	ployment discrimination under this section if, at the time
8	of the harassment—
9	"(1) such individual was authorized by that de-
10	partment, agency, instrumentality, or the Smithso-
11	nian Institution—
12	"(A) to undertake or recommend tangible
13	employment actions affecting the individual
14	with a disability; or
15	"(B) to direct the daily work activities of
16	the individual with a disability; or
17	"(2) the negligence of that department, agency,
18	instrumentality, or the Smithsonian Institution led
19	to the creation or continuation of that hostile work
20	environment or retaliatory hostile work environ-
21	ment.".
22	(2) Standard for employer liability for
23	HOSTILE WORK ENVIRONMENT AND RETALIATORY
24	HOSTILE WORK ENVIRONMENT.—Section 504 of the

1	Rehabilitation Act of 1973 (29 U.S.C. 794) is
2	amended by adding at the end the following:
3	"(e) Subject to section 206(j) of the BE HEARD in
4	the Workplace Act, an employer described under sub-
5	section (b) shall be liable for the acts of any individual
6	whose harassment of a qualified individual with a dis-
7	ability has created or continued a hostile work environ-
8	ment, or a retaliatory hostile work environment, that con-
9	stitutes employment discrimination under this section if
10	at the time of the harassment—
11	"(1) such individual was authorized by such
12	employer—
13	"(A) to undertake or recommend tangible
14	employment actions affecting the qualified indi-
15	vidual with a disability; or
16	"(B) to direct the daily work activities of
17	the qualified individual with a disability; or
18	"(2) the negligence of such employer led to the
19	creation or continuation of that hostile work environ-
20	ment or retaliatory hostile work environment.".
21	(3) Remedies.—Section 505 of the Rehabilita-
22	tion Act of 1973 (29 U.S.C. 794a) is amended by
23	adding at the end of subsection (a) the following:

1	"(3) Sections 501(h) and 504(e) shall apply to
2	hostile work environment claims and retaliatory hos-
3	tile work environment claims under this section.".
4	(e) Amendment to Section 1977 of the Revised
5	STATUTES.—Section 1977 of the Revised Statutes (42)
6	U.S.C. 1981) is amended by adding at the end the fol-
7	lowing:
8	"(d) Subject to section 206(j) of the BE HEARD in
9	the Workplace Act, a nongovernmental employer shall be
10	liable for the acts of any individual whose harassment of
11	an employee has created a hostile work environment or
12	a retaliatory hostile work environment, constituting an un-
13	lawful employment practice, if, at the time of the harass-
14	ment—
15	"(1) such individual was authorized by the em-
16	ployer—
17	"(A) to undertake or recommend tangible
18	employment actions affecting the employee; or
19	"(B) to direct the employee's daily work
20	activities; or
21	"(2) the negligence of the employer led to the
22	creation or continuation of that hostile work environ-
23	ment or retaliatory hostile work environment.".
24	(f) Amendment to the Genetic Information
25	Nondiscrimination Act of 2008.—

1	(1) Standard for employer liability for
2	HOSTILE WORK ENVIRONMENT.—Section 202 of the
3	Genetic Information Nondiscrimination Act of 2008
4	(42 U.S.C. 2000ff-1), as amended by sections
5	204(c)(5) and $205(b)(4)$ , is further amended by add-
6	ing at the end the following:
7	"(f) Subject to section 206(j) of the BE HEARD in
8	the Workplace Act, an employer shall be liable for the acts
9	of any individual whose harassment of an employee has
10	created or continued a hostile work environment that con-
11	stitutes an unlawful employment practice under this sec-
12	tion if, at the time of the harassment—
13	"(1) such individual was authorized by the em-
14	ployer—
15	"(A) to undertake or recommend tangible
16	employment actions affecting the employee; or
17	"(B) to direct the employee's daily work
18	activities; or
19	"(2) the negligence of the employer led to the
20	creation or continuation of that hostile work environ-
21	ment.".
22	(2) STANDARD FOR EMPLOYER LIABILITY FOR
23	RETALIATORY HOSTILE WORK ENVIRONMENT.—Sec-
24	tion 207(f)(1) of the Genetic Information Non-
25	discrimination Act $(42 \text{ USC} 2000\text{ff}-6(f)(1))$ as

1	amended by section $205(c)(2)$ , is further amended
2	by striking "violations of this subsection." and in-
3	serting "violations of this subsection. Subject to sec-
4	tion 206(j) of the BE HEARD in the Workplace
5	Act, an employer shall be liable for the acts of any
6	individual whose harassment of an employee has cre-
7	ated or continued a retaliatory hostile work environ-
8	ment that constitutes discrimination under this sub-
9	section if, at the time of the harassment—
10	"(A) such individual was authorized by the
11	employer—
12	"(i) to undertake or recommend tan-
13	gible employment actions affecting the em-
14	ployee; or
15	"(ii) to direct the employee's daily
16	work activities; or
17	"(B) the negligence of the employer led to
18	the creation or continuation of that retaliatory
19	hostile work environment.".
20	(g) Amendment to the Government Employee
21	RIGHTS ACT OF 1991.—Section 302 of the Government
22	Employee Rights Act of 1991 (42 U.S.C. 2000e–16b) is
23	amended by adding at the end the following:
24	"(c) Subject to section 206(j) of the BE HEARD in
25	the Workplace Act, an employer of an individual described

- 1 under section 304(a) shall be liable for the acts of any
  2 individual whose harassment of a State employee de3 scribed in section 304 has created or continued a hostile
- 4 work environment or a retaliatory hostile work environ-
- 5 ment constituting discrimination under this section, if at
- 6 the time of the harassment—
- 7 "(1) such individual was authorized by such 8 employer—
- 9 "(A) to undertake or recommend tangible 10 employment actions affecting the employee; or
- 11 "(B) to direct the employee's daily work 12 activities; or
- "(2) the negligence of the employer led to the creation or continuation of that hostile work environment or retaliatory hostile work environment.".
- 16 (h) AMENDMENT TO TITLE 3, UNITED STATES 17 CODE.—Section 411 of title 3, United States Code, is
- 19 (1) by redesignating subsections (c) through (f) 20 as subsections (d) through (g), respectively;
- 21 (2) by inserting after subsection (b) the fol-22 lowing:
- 23 "(c) Liability of Employing Office.—Subject to
- 24 section 206(j) of the BE HEARD in the Workplace Act,
- 25 an employing office shall be liable for the acts of any indi-

amended—

1	vidual whose harassment of a covered employee has cre-
2	ated or continued a hostile work environment or a retalia-
3	tory hostile work environment constituting discrimination
4	under this section if, at the time of the harassment—
5	"(1) such individual was authorized by the em-
6	ploying office—
7	"(A) to undertake or recommend tangible
8	employment actions affecting the covered em-
9	ployee; or
10	"(B) to direct the covered employee's daily
11	work activities; or
12	"(2) the negligence of the employing office led
13	to the creation or continuation of that hostile work
14	environment or retaliatory hostile work environ-
15	ment."; and
16	(3) in subsection (f), as redesignated by para-
17	graph (1), by striking "subsections (a) through (c)"
18	and inserting "subsections (a) through (d).".
19	(i) Amendment to the Congressional Account-
20	ABILITY ACT OF 1995.—Section 201 of the Congressional
21	Accountability Act of 1995 (2 U.S.C. 1311) is amended—
22	(1) by striking subsection (e); and
23	(2) by adding at the end the following:
24	"(e) Outside Individuals.—Subject to section
25	206(j) of the BE HEARD in the Workplace Act, an em-

- 1 ploying office shall be liable for the acts of any individual
- 2 whose harassment of a covered employee has created or
- 3 continued a hostile work environment or a retaliatory hos-
- 4 tile work environment that constitutes discrimination
- 5 under this section if, at the time of the harassment—
- 6 "(1) such individual was authorized by the em-
- 7 ploying office—
- 8 "(A) to undertake or recommend tangible
- 9 employment actions affecting the covered em-
- 10 ployee; or
- 11 "(B) to direct the covered employee's daily
- work activities; or
- "(2) the negligence of the employing office led
- to the creation or continuation of that hostile work
- environment or retaliatory hostile work environ-
- 16 ment.".
- 17 (j) Rule of Construction.—Nothing in this sec-
- 18 tion shall be construed to limit the availability of, or access
- 19 to, defenses available under the law.
- 20 (k) APPLICATION.—This section, and the amend-
- 21 ments made by this section, shall apply to all claims pend-
- 22 ing on or after the date of enactment of this Act.
- 23 SEC. 207. EXTENDING THE STATUTES OF LIMITATIONS.
- 24 (a) Civil Rights Act of 1964; Americans With
- 25 Disabilities Act of 1990; Genetic Information

1	Nondiscrimination Act of 2008.—Section 706 of the
2	Civil Rights Act of 1964 (42 U.S.C. 2000e–5) is amend-
3	ed—
4	(1) in subsection (e)—
5	(A) in paragraph (1)—
6	(i) by striking "one hundred and
7	eighty days after the alleged unlawful em-
8	ployment practice occurred" and inserting
9	"4 years after the alleged unlawful employ-
10	ment practice occurred."; and
11	(ii) by striking "three hundred days
12	after the alleged unlawful employment
13	practice occurred" and inserting "4 years
14	and 120 days after the alleged unlawful
15	employment practice occurred."; and
16	(B) in paragraph (3)(B), by striking "two
17	years preceding the filing of the charge" and all
18	that follows and inserting "4 years and 120
19	days preceding the filing of the charge."; and
20	(2) in subsection (g)(1), by striking "two years
21	prior to the filing of a charge" and inserting "4
22	years and 120 days preceding the filing of the
23	charge".

1	(b) Age Discrimination in Employment Act of
2	1967.—Section 7(d) of the Age Discrimination in Employ-
3	ment Act of 1967 (29 U.S.C. 626(d)) is amended—
4	(1) in the second sentence, by redesignating
5	paragraphs (1) and (2) as subparagraphs (A) and
6	(B), respectively;
7	(2) by striking "(d)" and all that follows
8	through "No" and inserting "(d)(1) No"; and
9	(3) in paragraph (1), as designated by para-
10	graph (2) of this subsection—
11	(A) by striking "Secretary. Such" and in-
12	serting "Secretary, and such";
13	(B) in subparagraph (A), by striking "180
14	days after the alleged unlawful practice oc-
15	curred" and inserting "4 years after the alleged
16	unlawful practice occurred"; and
17	(C) in subparagraph (B), by striking "300
18	days after the alleged unlawful practice oc-
19	curred" and inserting "4 years and 120 days
20	after the alleged unlawful practice occurred".
21	SEC. 208. EXTENDING THE TIME LIMITATIONS ON FEDERAL
22	EMPLOYEES FILING A COMPLAINT.
23	(a) In General.—The Equal Employment Oppor-
24	tunity Commission (referred to in this section as "the
25	Commission") shall ensure that a covered Federal em-

- 1 ployee shall not be required to take any action necessary
- 2 to bring a complaint to the department, agency, unit, or
- 3 instrumentality involved prior to 4 years from the date of
- 4 the matter alleged to be discriminatory or, in the case of
- 5 personnel action, 4 years from the effective date of the
- 6 personnel action.
- 7 (b) COVERED EMPLOYEES AND COMPLAINTS.—In
- 8 this section, the term "covered Federal employee"
- 9 means—
- 10 (1) an employee or applicant to whom section
- 11 717(a) of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 (42 U.S.C.
- 12 2000e–16(a)) applies, in the case of a complaint
- brought under section 717 of that Act (42 U.S.C.
- 14 2000e–16);
- 15 (2) an employee or applicant to whom section
- 16 15(a) of the Age Discrimination in Employment Act
- of 1967 (29 U.S.C. 633a(a)) applies, in the case of
- a complaint brought under section 15 of that Act
- 19 (29 U.S.C. 633a);
- 20 (3) an employee or applicant to whom section
- 501 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 (29 U.S.C.
- 22 791) applies, in the case of a complaint brought to
- enforce that section under section 505 of that Act
- 24 (29 U.S.C. 794a); and

- 1 (4) an employee or applicant described in sec-
- 2 tion 201(2)(A)(v) of the Genetic Information Non-
- discrimination Act of 2008 (42 U.S.C.
- 4 2000ff(2)(A)(v), in the case of a complaint brought
- 5 to enforce title II of that Act (42 U.S.C. 2000ff et
- 6 seq.) under section 207(e) of that Act (42 U.S.C.
- 7 2000 ff 6(e).

# 8 TITLE III—BROADENING PRO-

## 9 TECTIONS AND ENSURING

### 10 TRANSPARENCY

- 11 SEC. 301. INDEPENDENT CONTRACTORS, INTERNS, FEL-
- 12 LOWS, VOLUNTEERS, AND TRAINEES.
- 13 (a) COVERED EMPLOYER OR ENTITY.—All protec-
- 14 tions afforded to an employee or individual under a provi-
- 15 sion that consists of title VII of the Civil Rights Act of
- 16 1964 (42 U.S.C. 2000e et seq.), the Government Em-
- 17 ployee Rights Act of 1991 (42 U.S.C. 2000e–16a et seq.),
- 18 the Congressional Accountability Act of 1995 (2 U.S.C.
- 19 1301 et seq.), subchapter II of chapter 5 of title 3, United
- 20 States Code, the Age Discrimination in Employment Act
- 21 of 1967 (29 U.S.C. 621 et seq.), title I and section 503
- 22 (for violations with respect to that title) of the Americans
- 23 with Disabilities Act of 1990 (42 U.S.C. 12111 et seq.,
- 24 12203), sections 501 and 505 of the Rehabilitation Act
- 25 of 1973 (29 U.S.C. 791, 794a), section 6(d) of the Fair

- 1 Labor Standards Act of 1938 (commonly known as the
- 2 "Equal Pay Act of 1963") (29 U.S.C. 206(d)), title II
- 3 of the Genetic Information Nondiscrimination Act of 2008
- 4 (42 U.S.C. 2000ff et seq.), and section 4311 of title 38,
- 5 United States Code, shall be afforded, in the same manner
- 6 and to the same extent, to—
- 7 (1) an individual who is engaged by an em-8 ployer or entity covered by that provision (referred 9 to in this subsection as a "covered employer or enti-10 ty") as an independent contractor (regardless of 11 business structure, including organization as a legal 12 or commercial entity) or as an intern, fellow, volun-13 teer, or trainee, whether or not the individual re-14 ceives compensation, academic credit, or other remu-15 neration from the covered employer or entity; or
  - (2) an individual who applies or seeks to become such an independent contractor (regardless of business structure, including organization as a legal or commercial entity), intern, fellow, volunteer, or trainee, for the covered employer or entity.

#### 21 (b) COVERED ESTABLISHMENTS.—

(1) Definition.—In this subsection, the term "covered establishment" means an individual or entity that—

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- (A) is not acting as an employer or entitycovered by a provision specified in subsection(a); and
  - (B) engages the services (including soliciting such services) of an independent contractor (regardless of business structure, including organization as a legal or commercial entity), intern, fellow, volunteer, or trainee by means of an instrument of transportation or communication in interstate commerce, or through an arrangement that involves the use of such an instrument to carry out or be conveyed to carry out those services.
  - (2) PROTECTIONS.—All protections afforded to an employee or individual under a provision that consists of title VII of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, the Age Discrimination in Employment Act of 1967, title I and section 503 (for violations with respect to that title) of the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990, section 6(d) of the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938, title II of the Genetic Information Non-discrimination Act of 2008, and section 4311 of title 38, United States Code, shall be afforded, in the same manner and to the same extent that the provision covers an individual described in section 701(f)

of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 (42 U.S.C.
 2000e(f)), to—

- (A) an individual who is engaged by a covered establishment as an independent contractor (regardless of business structure, including organization as a legal or commercial entity) or as an intern, fellow, volunteer, or trainee, whether or not the individual receives compensation, academic credit, or other remuneration from the covered establishment; or
- (B) an individual who applies or seeks to become such an independent contractor (regardless of business structure, including organization as a legal or commercial entity), intern, fellow, volunteer, or trainee, for the covered establishment.
- (c) Domestic Service.—For purposes of the provi-sions listed in subsection (a) and the provisions of this Act, an individual or entity who engages the services (by means of an instrument of transportation or communica-tion in interstate commerce, or through an arrangement that involves the use of such an instrument to carry out or be conveyed to carry out those services) of a person in domestic service in a household, as an employee, or as an independent contractor, intern, fellow, volunteer, or

1	trainee, referred to in subsection (a) or (b) shall be consid-
2	ered to be engaged in interstate commerce.
3	(d) Rule of Construction.—Nothing in this sec-
4	tion shall be construed to limit the individuals protected
5	under any provision described in subsection (a).
6	(e) Interstate Commerce.—In this section, the
7	term "interstate commerce" means Commerce (as defined
8	in section 3 of the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938 (29
9	U.S.C. 203)) among the several States.
10	SEC. 302. NONDISCLOSURE AGREEMENTS.
11	(a) Definitions.—In this section:
12	(1) Commission.—The term "Commission"
13	means the Equal Employment Opportunity Commis-
14	sion.
15	(2) COVERED ESTABLISHMENT.—The term
16	"covered establishment" has the meaning given the
17	term in section 301.
18	(3) COVERED INDIVIDUAL.—The term "covered
19	individual" means—
20	(A) in the case of an individual required to
21	be afforded protections under section 301(a)—
22	(i) an individual required to be af-
23	forded those protections by an employer
24	described in paragraph (5)(A);

1	(ii) an individual required to be af-
2	forded those protections by an employer
3	described in paragraph (5)(B);
4	(iii) an individual required to be af-
5	forded those protections by an employer
6	described in paragraph (5)(C);
7	(iv) an individual required to be af-
8	forded those protections by an employer
9	described in paragraph (5)(D); or
10	(v) an individual required to be af-
11	forded those protections by an employer
12	described in paragraph (5)(E); and
13	(B) in the case of an individual required to
14	be afforded protections under section 301(b) by
15	a covered establishment, that individual.
16	(4) Employee.—The term "employee"
17	means—
18	(A) an employee (including an applicant),
19	as defined in section 701(f) of the Civil Rights
20	Act of 1964 (42 U.S.C. 2000e(f));
21	(B) a State employee (including an appli-
22	cant) described in section 304(a) of the Govern-
23	ment Employee Rights Act of 1991 (42 U.S.C.
24	2000e-16c(a):

1	(C) a covered employee (including an appli-
2	cant), as defined in section 101 of the Congres-
3	sional Accountability Act of 1995 (2 U.S.C.
4	1301), including an individual treated as a cov-
5	ered employee under that section;
6	(D) a covered employee (including an ap-
7	plicant), as defined in section 411(c) of title 3,
8	United States Code; or
9	(E) an employee or applicant to which sec-
10	tion 717(a) of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 (42
11	U.S.C. 2000e–16(a)) applies.
12	(5) Employer.—The term "employer"
13	means—
14	(A) an employer (as defined in section
15	701(b) of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 (42
16	U.S.C. 2000e(b)));
17	(B) an entity employing a State employee
18	described in section 304(a) of the Government
19	Employee Rights Act of 1991;
20	(C) an employing office, as defined in sec-
21	tion 101(a) of the Congressional Accountability
22	Act of 1995 (2 U.S.C. 1301(a));
23	(D) an employing office, as defined in sec-

- 1 (E) an entity to which section 717(a) of 2 the Civil Rights Act of 1964 applies.
  - (6) Nondisclosure clause.—The term "non-disclosure clause" means a provision in a contract or agreement establishing that each party to the contract or agreement agrees not to disclose information covered by the terms and conditions of the contract or agreement.
    - (7) Nondisparagement clause" means a provision in a contract or agreement requiring one or more parties to the contract or agreement not to make negative statements about another such party.
    - (8) Worker.—The term "worker" means an employee or a covered individual.

#### (b) Unlawful Practices.—

(1) Nondisparagement and nondisclosure Clauses.—Subject to paragraph (3), it shall be an unlawful practice for an employer to enter into a contract or agreement with a worker, or for a covered establishment to enter into a contract or agreement with a covered individual, as a condition of employment or contracting, promotion, compensation, benefits, or change in employment status or contractual relationship, or as a term, condition, or privilege

of employment or contracting, if that contract or agreement contains a nondisparagement clause or nondisclosure clause that covers prohibited discrimination or harassment in employment or contracting, or retaliation for reporting, resisting, opposing, or assisting in the investigation of such discrimination or harassment.

- (2) Prohibition on enforcement.—Subject to paragraph (3) but notwithstanding any other provision of law, it shall be an unlawful practice for an employer or covered establishment to enforce or attempt to enforce a nondisparagement clause or non-disclosure clause that covers prohibited discrimination or harassment in employment or contracting, or retaliation for reporting, resisting, opposing, or assisting in the investigation of such discrimination or harassment. An employer or covered establishment that enforces or attempts to enforce such a non-disparagement clause or such a nondisclosure clause against a worker shall be liable for the reasonable attorney's fees and costs of the worker.
- (3) Settlement or separation agreements.—
- 24 (A) IN GENERAL.—The provisions of para-25 graphs (1) and (2) do not apply to a nondispar-

1	agement clause or nondisclosure clause con-
2	tained in a settlement agreement or separation
3	agreement that resolves legal claims or disputes
4	if—
5	(i) such legal claims accrued or such
6	disputes arose before the settlement agree-
7	ment or separation agreement was exe-
8	cuted;
9	(ii) the clause involved is mutually
10	agreed upon by and mutually benefits
11	both—
12	(I) the employer or covered es-
13	tablishment, as the case may be; and
14	(II) the worker;
15	(iii) the worker's agreement to such
16	clause is knowing and voluntary, as de-
17	scribed in subparagraph (C); and
18	(iv) the settlement agreement or sepa-
19	ration agreement expressly states that the
20	agreement involved does not prohibit, pre-
21	vent, or otherwise restrict a worker from—
22	(I) filing a complaint with the
23	Commission, any other Federal, State,
24	or local agency with the authority to
25	enforce laws (including regulations)

1	that prohibit discrimination or harass-
2	ment in employment or contracting,
3	as the case may be, or law enforce-
4	ment;
5	(II) testifying at, assisting, or
6	participating in an investigation or
7	proceeding conducted by the Commis-
8	sion, any other Federal, State, or local
9	agency with the authority to enforce
10	laws (including regulations) that pro-
11	hibit discrimination or harassment in
12	employment or contracting, as the
13	case may be, or law enforcement; or
14	(III) testifying in a hearing or
15	trial or complying with a request for
16	discovery in relation to civil litigation.
17	(B) Prohibition on sole benefit.—For
18	purposes of this paragraph, it shall be an un-
19	lawful practice for an employer or covered es-
20	tablishment to unilaterally include a nondispar-
21	agement clause or nondisclosure clause that
22	solely benefits the employer or covered estab-
23	lishment in a separation or settlement agree-
24	ment.

1	(C) Knowing and voluntary agree-
2	MENT.—For purposes of this paragraph, agree-
3	ment to a nondisparagement clause or non-
4	disclosure clause may not be considered know-
5	ing and voluntary unless at a minimum—
6	(i) the nondisparagement clause or
7	nondisclosure clause is written in a manner
8	designed to ensure that the worker under-
9	stands the content of the clause involved;
10	(ii) the nondisparagement clause or
11	nondisclosure clause is included only in ex-
12	change for consideration of value provided
13	to the worker, in addition to anything of
14	value to which the worker is already enti-
15	tled;
16	(iii) the nondisparagement clause or
17	nondisclosure clause does not apply to any
18	rights or claims that arise after the date
19	the settlement or separation agreement is
20	executed;
21	(iv) the worker is advised in writing to
22	consult with an attorney prior to agreeing
23	to such an agreement that includes a non-
24	disparagement clause or nondisclosure
25	clause;

1	(v) the worker is given a period of at
2	least 21 days to consider any proposal for
3	a settlement or separation agreement that
4	includes a nondisparagement clause or
5	nondisclosure clause; and
6	(vi) the settlement or separation
7	agreement provides that for a period of at
8	least 7 days following the execution of such
9	agreement the worker may revoke the
10	agreement, and the agreement shall not be-
11	come effective or enforceable until the rev-
12	ocation period has expired.
13	(D) Burden of Proof.—In any dispute
14	that may arise over whether any of the require-
15	ments of subparagraph (A) have been met, the
16	party asserting the validity of an agreement
17	shall have the burden of proving that the re-
18	quirements of subparagraph (A) have been met.
19	(E) Participation in investigations or
20	PROCEEDINGS.—No nondisparagement clause
21	or nondisclosure clause may affect the ability of
22	a worker to testify at, assist, or participate in
23	an investigation or proceeding conducted by the
24	Commission, any Federal, State, or local agency

with the authority to enforce laws (including

1	regulations) that prohibit discrimination in em-
2	ployment or contracting, as the case may be, or
3	a law enforcement agency.
4	(F) Prohibition on damages.—Under
5	no circumstances shall a worker be required to
6	pay damages for breach of a nondisparagement
7	clause or nondisclosure clause permitted by this
8	paragraph in excess of an amount equal to the
9	consideration of value provided to the worker in
10	exchange for the workers' agreement to the
11	nondisparagement clause or nondisclosure
12	clause.
13	(e) Enforcement Against Employers.—
14	(1) Enforcement powers.—With respect to
15	the administration and enforcement of this section
16	in the case of a claim alleged by a worker against
17	an employer for a violation of this section—
18	(A) the Commission shall have the same
19	powers as the Commission has to administer
20	and enforce—
21	(i) title VII of the Civil Rights Act of
22	1964 (42 U.S.C. 2000e et seq.); or
23	(ii) sections 302 and 304 of the Gov-
24	ernment Employee Rights Act of 1991 (42
25	U.S.C. 2000e–16b and 2000e–16c),

- in the case of a claim alleged by an employee of the employer for a violation of such title, or of section 302(a)(1) of the Government Employee Rights Act of 1991 (42 U.S.C. 2000e–16b(a)(1)), respectively;
  - (B) the Librarian of Congress shall have the same powers as the Librarian of Congress has to administer and enforce title VII of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 (42 U.S.C. 2000e et seq.) in the case of a claim alleged by an employee of the employer for a violation of such title;
  - (C) the Board (as defined in section 101(a) of the Congressional Accountability Act of 1995 (2 U.S.C. 1301(a))) shall have the same powers as the Board has to administer and enforce the Congressional Accountability Act of 1995 (2 U.S.C. 1301 et seq.) in the case of a claim alleged by an employee of the employer for a violation of section 201(a)(1) of such Act (2 U.S.C. 1311(a)(1));
  - (D) the Attorney General shall have the same powers as the Attorney General has to administer and enforce—

1	(i) title VII of the Civil Rights Act of
2	1964 (42 U.S.C. 2000e et seq.); or
3	(ii) sections 302 and 304 of the Gov-
4	ernment Employee Rights Act of 1991 (42
5	U.S.C. 2000e–16b and 2000e–16c),
6	in the case of a claim alleged by an employee
7	of the employer for a violation of such title, or
8	of section 302(a)(1) of the Government Em-
9	ployee Rights Act of 1991 (42 U.S.C. 2000e-
10	16b(a)(1)), respectively;
11	(E) the President, the Commission, and
12	the Merit Systems Protection Board shall have
13	the same powers as the President, the Commis-
14	sion, and the Board, respectively, have to ad-
15	minister and enforce chapter 5 of title 3,
16	United States Code, in the case of a claim al-
17	leged by an employee of the employer for a vio-
18	lation of section 411 of such title; and
19	(F) a court of the United States shall have
20	the same jurisdiction and powers as the court
21	has to enforce—
22	(i) title VII of the Civil Rights Act of
23	1964 (42 U.S.C. 2000e et seq.) in the case
24	of a claim alleged by an employee of the
25	employer for a violation of such title;

1	(ii) sections 302 and 304 of the Gov-
2	ernment Employee Rights Act of 1991 (42
3	U.S.C. 2000e–16b and 2000e–16c) in the
4	case of a claim alleged by an employee of
5	the employer for a violation of section
6	302(a)(1) of such Act (42 U.S.C. 2000e-
7	16b(a)(1));
8	(iii) the Congressional Accountability
9	Act of 1995 (2 U.S.C. 1301 et seq.) in the
10	case of a claim alleged by an employee of
11	the employer for a violation of section
12	201(a)(1) of such Act (2 U.S.C.
13	1311(a)(1); and
14	(iv) chapter 5 of title 3, United States
15	Code, in the case of a claim alleged by an
16	employee of the employer for a violation of
17	section 411 of such title.
18	(2) Procedures and remedies.—The proce-
19	dures and remedies applicable to a claim alleged by
20	a worker against the employer for a violation of this
21	section are—
22	(A) the procedures and remedies applicable
23	for a violation of title VII of the Civil Rights
24	Act of 1964 (42 U.S.C. 2000e et seq.) in the

1	case of a claim alleged by an employee of the
2	employer for a violation of such title;
3	(B) the procedures and remedies applicable
4	for a violation of section 302(a)(1) of the Gov-
5	ernment Employee Rights Act of 1991 (42
6	U.S.C. 2000e–16b(a)(1)) in the case of a claim
7	alleged by an employee of the employer for a
8	violation of such section;
9	(C) the procedures and remedies applicable
10	for a violation of section 201(a)(1) of the Con-
11	gressional Accountability Act of 1995 (2 U.S.C.
12	1311(a)(1)) in the case of a claim alleged by an
13	employee of the employer for a violation of such
14	section; and
15	(D) the procedures and remedies applicable
16	for a violation of section 411 of title 3, United
17	States Code, in the case of a claim alleged by
18	an employee of the employer for a violation of
19	such section.
20	(3) OTHER APPLICABLE PROVISIONS.—With re-
21	spect to a claim alleged by an employee described in
22	subsection (a)(4)(C) or a covered individual de-
23	scribed in subsection (a)(3)(A)(iii) for a violation of
24	this section, title III of the Congressional Account-

ability Act of 1995 (2 U.S.C. 1381 et seq.) shall

1	apply in the same manner as such title applies with
2	respect to a claim alleged by such an employee for
3	a violation of section 201(a)(1) of such Act (2
4	U.S.C. 1311(a)(1)).
5	(d) Enforcement Against Covered Establish-
6	MENTS.—
7	(1) Enforcement powers.—With respect to
8	the administration and enforcement of this section
9	in the case of a claim alleged by a covered individual
10	against a covered establishment for a violation of
11	this section—
12	(A) the Commission shall have the same
13	powers as the Commission has to administer
14	and enforce title VII of the Civil Rights Act of
15	1964 (42 U.S.C. 2000e et seq.);
16	(B) the Attorney General shall have the
17	same powers as the Attorney General has to ad-
18	minister and enforce title VII of the Civil
19	Rights Act of 1964; and
20	(C) a court of the United States shall have
21	the same jurisdiction and powers as the court
22	has to enforce title VII of the Civil Rights Act
23	of 1964,

- in the case of a claim alleged by an employee described in subsection (a)(4)(A) for a violation of such title.
- (2) Procedures and remedies.—The proce-5 dures and remedies applicable to a claim alleged by 6 a covered individual against the covered establish-7 ment for a violation of this section are the proce-8 dures and remedies applicable for a violation of title 9 VII of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 (42 U.S.C. 10 2000e et seq.) in the case of a claim alleged by an 11 employee described in subsection (a)(4)(A) for a vio-12 lation of such title.
- 13 (e) RIGHT TO REPORT RESERVED.—Notwith-14 standing signing (before, on, or after the effective date of 15 this Act) any nondisparagement clause or nondisclosure 16 clause, a worker retains—
- 17 (1) any right that person would otherwise have 18 had to report a concern about harassment, including 19 sexual harassment, in employment or contracting or 20 another violation of the law to the Commission, an-21 other Federal agency (including an office of the leg-22 islative or judicial branch), a State or local fair em-23 ployment practices agency or any other State or 24 local agency, or a law enforcement agency; and

1 (2) any right that person would otherwise have 2 had to bring an action in a court of the United 3 States.

## (f) Regulations.—

- (1) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in paragraphs (2), (3), and (4), the Commission shall have authority to issue regulations to carry out this section.
- (2) Librarian of Congress.—The Librarian of Congress shall have authority to issue regulations to carry out this section with respect to workers of the Library of Congress.
- (3) Board.—The Board referred to in subsection (c)(1)(C) shall have authority to issue regulations to carry out this section, in accordance with section 304 of the Congressional Accountability Act of 1995 (2 U.S.C. 1384), with respect to employees described in subsection (a)(4)(C) and covered individuals described in subsection (a)(3)(A)(iii).
- (4) PRESIDENT.—The President shall have authority to issue regulations to carry out this section with respect to employees described in subsection (a)(4)(D) and covered individuals described in subsection (a)(3)(A)(iv).
- 25 (g) State and Federal Immunity.—

1	(1) Abrogation of state immunity.—A
2	State shall not be immune under the 11th Amend-
3	ment to the Constitution from a suit brought in a
4	Federal court of competent jurisdiction for a viola-
5	tion of this section.
6	(2) Waiver of state immunity.—
7	(A) IN GENERAL.—
8	(i) WAIVER.—A State's receipt or use
9	of Federal financial assistance for any pro-
10	gram or activity of a State shall constitute
11	a waiver of sovereign immunity, under the
12	11th Amendment to the Constitution or
13	otherwise, to a suit brought by a covered
14	individual in that program or activity
15	under this section for a remedy authorized
16	under paragraph (4).
17	(ii) Definition.—In this subpara-
18	graph, the term "program or activity" has
19	the meaning given the term in section 606
20	of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 (42 U.S.C.
21	2000d-4a).
22	(B) Effective date.—With respect to a
23	particular program or activity, subparagraph
24	(A) applies to conduct occurring on or after the
25	day, after the date of enactment of this Act, on

1	which a State first receives or uses Federal fi-
2	nancial assistance for that program or activity.

- (3) Remedies against state officials.—An official of a State may be sued in the official capacity of the official by a covered individual who has complied with the applicable procedures of subsection (c), for equitable relief that is authorized under this section. In such a suit the court may award to the prevailing party those costs authorized by section 722 of the Revised Statutes (42 U.S.C. 1988).
- (4) Remedies against the United States and other provision of this Act, in an action or administrative proceeding against the United States or a State for a violation of this section, remedies (including remedies at law and in equity, and interest) are available for the violation to the same extent as the remedies are available for a violation of title VII of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 (42 U.S.C. 2000e et seq.) by an employer described in subsection (a)(5)(A), except that—
- 23 (A) punitive damages are not available; 24 and

1	(B) compensatory damages are available to
2	the extent specified in section 1977A(b) of the
3	Revised Statutes (42 U.S.C. 1981a(b)).
4	SEC. 303. PROHIBITION ON MANDATORY ARBITRATION AND
5	PROTECTION OF CONCERTED LEGAL ACTION.
6	(a) Protection of Concerted Activity.—
7	(1) Agreements.—Section 8(a) of the Na-
8	tional Labor Relations Act (29 U.S.C. 158(a)) is
9	amended—
10	(A) in paragraph (5), by striking the pe-
11	riod at the end and inserting "; and"; and
12	(B) by adding at the end the following:
13	"(6)(A) to enter into or attempt to enforce any
14	agreement, express or implied, whereby prior to a
15	dispute to which the agreement applies, a worker
16	(for purposes of this paragraph, as defined in sec-
17	tion 401 of title 9, United States Code) undertakes
18	or promises not to pursue, bring, join, litigate, or
19	support any kind of joint, class, or collective claim
20	arising from or relating to the employment of, or
21	provision of services by, such worker in any forum
22	that, but for such agreement, is of competent juris-
23	diction;
24	"(B) to coerce such worker into undertaking or
25	promising not to pursue, bring, join, litigate, or sup-

port any kind of joint, class, or collective claim arising from or relating to the employment of, or provision of services by, such worker; or

"(C) to retaliate or threaten to retaliate against a worker for refusing to undertake or promise not to pursue, bring, join, litigate, or support any kind of joint, class, or collective claim arising from or relating to the employment of, or provision or services by, such worker: *Provided*, That any agreement that violates this paragraph or results from a violation of this paragraph shall be to such extent unenforceable and void: *Provided further*, That this paragraph shall not apply to any agreement embodied in or expressly permitted by a contract between an employer and a labor organization.".

(2) Conforming amendment.—Section 10(b) of the National Labor Relations Act (29 U.S.C. 160(b)) is amended by striking "discharge" and inserting "discharge, or unless the person aggrieved thereby is a worker alleging a violation of section 8(a)(6) whose charge involves a postdispute arbitration agreement that meets the requirements under section 402(a)(2) of title 9, United States Code, in which event the six-month period shall be computed

1	from the day the waiting period described in sub-
2	paragraph (C) of such section ends".
3	(b) Arbitration of Work Disputes.—
4	(1) In General.—Title 9 of the United States
5	Code is amended by adding at the end the following:
6	"CHAPTER 4—ARBITRATION OF WORK
7	DISPUTES
	"Sec. "401. Definitions. "402. Validity and enforceability.
8	"§ 401. Definitions
9	"In this chapter—
10	"(1) the terms 'commerce', 'employee', and 'em-
11	ployer' have the meanings given the terms in section
12	3 of the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938 (29
13	U.S.C. 203);
14	"(2) the term 'covered entity' means—
15	"(A) an employer; or
16	"(B) an individual or entity that is not
17	acting as an employer and engages the services
18	of a worker;
19	"(3) the term 'predispute arbitration agree-
20	ment' means any agreement to arbitrate a dispute
21	that had not yet arisen at the time of the making
22	of the agreement;
23	"(4) the term 'postdispute arbitration agree-
24	ment' means any agreement to arbitrate a dispute

1	that arose before the time of the making of the
2	agreement;
3	"(5) the term 'worker' means—
4	"(A) an employee; or
5	"(B) an individual who is engaged by a
6	covered entity to perform services or work as an
7	independent contractor (regardless of the label
8	or classification assigned or used by the covered
9	entity); and
10	"(6) the term 'work dispute'—
11	"(A) means a dispute between one or more
12	workers (or their authorized representatives)
13	and a covered entity arising out of or related to
14	the work relationship or prospective work rela-
15	tionship between the workers and the covered
16	entity; and
17	"(B) includes—
18	"(i) a dispute regarding the terms of,
19	payment for, advertising of, recruitment of,
20	referring of, arranging for, or discipline or
21	discharge in connection with work per-
22	formed in connection with such work rela-
23	tionship;
24	"(ii) a dispute arising under any law
25	referred to or described in section 62(e) of

1	the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, includ-
2	ing any part of such a law not explicitly
3	referenced in such section that relates to
4	protecting individuals on a basis that is
5	protected under a law referred to or de-
6	scribed in such section; and
7	"(iii) a dispute in which an individual
8	or individuals seek certification—
9	"(I) as a class under rule 23 of
10	the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure;
11	"(II) as a collective action under
12	section 16(b) of the Fair Labor
13	Standards Act of 1938 (29 U.S.C.
14	216(b)); or
15	"(III) under a comparable rule or
16	provision of State law.
17	"§ 402. Validity and enforceability
18	"(a) In General.—Notwithstanding any other chap-
19	ter of this title—
20	"(1) no predispute arbitration agreement shall
21	be valid or enforceable if it requires arbitration of a
22	work dispute;
23	"(2) no postdispute arbitration agreement that
24	requires arbitration of a work dispute shall be valid
25	or enforceable unless—

1	"(A) the agreement was not required by
2	the covered entity, obtained by coercion or
3	threat of adverse action, or made a condition of
4	employment, work, or any employment-related
5	or work-related privilege or benefit;
6	"(B) each worker entering into the agree-
7	ment was informed in writing using sufficiently
8	plain language likely to be understood by the
9	average worker of—
10	"(i) the right of the worker under
11	paragraph (3) to refuse to enter the agree-
12	ment without retaliation; and
13	"(ii) the protections under section
14	8(a)(6) of the National Labor Relations
15	Act (29 U.S.C. 158(a)(6));
16	"(C) each worker entering into the agree-
17	ment entered the agreement after a waiting pe-
18	riod of not fewer than 45 days, beginning on
19	the date on which the employee was provided
20	both the final text of the agreement and the
21	disclosures required under subparagraph (B);
22	and
23	"(D) each worker entering into the agree-
24	ment affirmatively consented to the agreement
25	in writing; and

1	"(3) no covered entity may retaliate or threaten
2	to retaliate against a worker for refusing to enter
3	into an agreement that provides for arbitration of a
4	work dispute.
5	"(b) Statute of Limitations.—During the waiting
6	period described in subsection (a)(2)(C), the statute of
7	limitations for any claims that arise from or form the basis
8	for the applicable work dispute shall be tolled.
9	"(c) CIVIL ACTION.—Any person who is injured by
10	reason of a violation of subsection (a)(3) may bring a civil
11	action in the appropriate district court of the United
12	States against the covered entity within 2 years of the vio-
13	lation, or within 3 years if such violation is willful. Relief
14	granted in such an action shall include a reasonable attor-
15	ney's fee, other reasonable costs associated with maintain-
16	ing the action, and any appropriate relief authorized by
17	section 706(g) of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 (42 U.S.C.
18	2000e–5(g)) or by section 1977A(b) of the Revised Stat-
19	utes (42 U.S.C. 1981a(b)).
20	"(d) Applicability.—
21	"(1) In general.—This chapter applies to cov-
22	ered entities and workers engaged in activity affect-
23	ing commerce to the fullest extent permitted by the
24	Constitution of the United States, including the
25	work of persons engaged in domestic service in

households, as described in section 2(a) of the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938 (29 U.S.C. 202(a)). An issue as to whether this chapter applies to an arbitration agreement shall be determined under Federal law. The applicability of this chapter to an agreement to arbitrate and the validity and enforceability of an agreement to which this chapter applies shall be determined by a court, rather than an arbitrator, regardless of whether any contractual provision purports to delegate such determinations to the arbitrator and irrespective of whether the party resisting arbitration challenges the arbitration agreement specifically or in conjunction with other terms of the contract containing such agreement.

"(2) Collective Bargaining agreements.—
Nothing in this chapter shall apply to any arbitration provision in a contract between a covered entity and a labor organization, except that no such arbitration provision shall have the effect of waiving the right of a worker to seek judicial enforcement of a right arising under a provision of the Constitution of the United States, the constitution of a State, or a Federal or State statute, or public policy arising therefrom."

1	(2) Technical and conforming amend-
2	MENTS.—
3	(A) IN GENERAL.—Title 9 of the United
4	States Code is amended—
5	(i) in section 1, by striking "of sea-
6	men," and all that follows through "inter-
7	state commerce";
8	(ii) in section 2, by inserting "or as
9	otherwise provided in chapter 4" before the
10	period at the end;
11	(iii) in section 208—
12	(I) in the section heading, by
13	striking "Chapter 1; residual
14	application" and inserting "Ap-
14 15	<pre>application" and inserting "Ap- plication"; and</pre>
15	plication"; and
15 16	<pre>plication"; and   (II) by adding at the end the fol-</pre>
15 16 17	plication"; and  (II) by adding at the end the following: "This chapter applies to the
15 16 17 18	plication"; and  (II) by adding at the end the following: "This chapter applies to the extent that this chapter is not in con-
15 16 17 18 19	plication"; and  (II) by adding at the end the following: "This chapter applies to the extent that this chapter is not in conflict with chapter 4."; and
15 16 17 18 19 20	plication"; and  (II) by adding at the end the following: "This chapter applies to the extent that this chapter is not in conflict with chapter 4."; and  (iv) in section 307—
15 16 17 18 19 20 21	plication"; and  (II) by adding at the end the following: "This chapter applies to the extent that this chapter is not in conflict with chapter 4."; and  (iv) in section 307—  (I) in the section heading, by

1	(II) by adding at the end the fol-
2	lowing: "This chapter applies to the
3	extent that this chapter is not in con-
4	flict with chapter 4.".
5	(B) Table of Sections.—
6	(i) CHAPTER 2.—The table of sections
7	for chapter 2 of title 9, United States
8	Code, is amended by striking the item re-
9	lating to section 208 and inserting the fol-
10	lowing:
	"208. Application.".
11	(ii) Chapter 3.—The table of sec-
12	tions for chapter 3 of title 9, United States
13	Code, is amended by striking the item re-
14	lating to section 307 and inserting the fol-
15	lowing:
	"307. Application.".
16	(C) Table of Chapters.—The table of
17	chapters for title 9, United States Code, is
18	amended by adding at the end the following:
	"4. Arbitration of work disputes
19	(c) Effective Date.—This section, and the amend-
20	ments made by this section, shall take effect on the date
21	of enactment of this Act and shall apply with respect to
22	any dispute or claim that arises or accrues on or after

1	such date, including any dispute or claim to which an
2	agreement predating such date applies.
3	SEC. 304. FEDERAL CONTRACTOR COMPLIANCE WITH CIVIL
4	RIGHTS LAWS.
5	(a) Definitions.—In this section:
6	(1) COVERED CONTRACT.—The term "covered
7	contract" means a Federal contract for the procure-
8	ment of property or services, including construction,
9	valued in excess of \$500,000.
10	(2) Covered subcontract.—The term "cov-
11	ered subcontract"—
12	(A) means a subcontract for property or
13	services under a Federal contract that is valued
14	in excess of \$500,000; and
15	(B) does not include a subcontract for the
16	procurement of commercially available off-the-
17	shelf items.
18	(3) Executive agency.—The term "executive
19	agency" has the meaning given the term in section
20	133 of title 41, United States Code.
21	(b) Required Pre-Contract Award Actions.—
22	(1) Disclosures.—The head of an executive
23	agency shall ensure that the solicitation for a cov-
24	ered contract requires the offeror—

1	(A) to represent, to the best of the
2	offeror's knowledge and belief, whether there
3	has been any administrative merits determina-
4	tion, arbitral award or decision, or civil judg-
5	ment, as defined in guidance issued by the Sec-
6	retary of Labor, rendered against the offeror in
7	the preceding 3 years for violations of—
8	(i) the Fair Labor Standards Act of
9	1938 (29 U.S.C. 201 et seq.);
10	(ii) the Occupational Safety and
11	Health Act of 1970 (29 U.S.C. 651 et
12	seq.);
13	(iii) the Migrant and Seasonal Agri-
14	cultural Worker Protection Act (29 U.S.C.
15	1801 et seq.);
16	(iv) the National Labor Relations Act
17	(29 U.S.C. 151 et seq.);
18	(v) subchapter IV of chapter 31 of
19	title 40, United States Code (commonly
20	known as the "Davis-Bacon Act");
21	(vi) chapter 67 of title 41, United
22	States Code (commonly known as the
23	"Service Contract Act").

1	(vii) Executive Order 11246 (42
2	U.S.C. 2000e note; relating to equal em-
3	ployment opportunity);
4	(viii) section 503 of the Rehabilitation
5	Act of 1973 (29 U.S.C. 793);
6	(ix) section 4212 of title 38, United
7	States Code;
8	(x) the Family and Medical Leave Act
9	of 1993 (29 U.S.C. 2601 et seq.);
10	(xi) title VII of the Civil Rights Act of
11	1964 (42 U.S.C. 2000e et seq.);
12	(xii) the Americans with Disabilities
13	Act of 1990 (42 U.S.C. 12101 et seq.);
14	(xiii) the Age Discrimination in Em-
15	ployment Act of 1967 (29 U.S.C. 621 et
16	seq.);
17	(xiv) title II of the Genetic Informa-
18	tion Nondiscrimination Act of 2008 (42
19	U.S.C. 2000ff et seq.);
20	(xv) as applicable, Executive Order
21	13658 (79 Fed. Reg. 9851; relating to es-
22	tablishing a minimum wage for contrac-
23	tors) or Executive Order 14026 (86 Fed.
24	Reg. 22835; relating to increasing the min-
25	imum wage for Federal contractors); or

1	(xvi) equivalent State laws, as defined
2	in guidance issued by the Secretary of
3	Labor;
4	(B) to require each subcontractor for a
5	covered subcontract—
6	(i) to represent to the offeror, and the
7	executive agency's Labor Compliance Advi-
8	sor designated under subsection (d), to the
9	best of the subcontractor's knowledge and
10	belief, whether there has been any adminis-
11	trative merits determination, arbitral
12	award or decision, or civil judgment, as de-
13	fined in guidance issued by the Secretary
14	of Labor, rendered against the subcon-
15	tractor in the preceding 3 years for viola-
16	tions of any of the labor laws listed under
17	subparagraph (A); and
18	(ii) to update such information every
19	6 months for the duration of the sub-
20	contract; and
21	(C) to consider the advice rendered by the
22	executive agency's Labor Compliance Advisor
23	designated under subsection (d), or information
24	submitted by a subcontractor pursuant to sub-
25	paragraph (B), in determining whether the sub-

1	contractor is a responsible source with a satis-
2	factory record of integrity and business ethics—
3	(i) prior to awarding the subcontract;
4	or
5	(ii) in the case of a subcontract that
6	is awarded or will become effective within
7	5 days of the prime contract being award-
8	ed, not later than 30 days after awarding
9	the subcontract.
10	(2) Pre-award corrective measures.—
11	(A) IN GENERAL.—A contracting officer,
12	prior to awarding a covered contract, shall, as
13	part of the responsibility determination, provide
14	an offeror who makes a disclosure pursuant to
15	paragraph (1) an opportunity to report any
16	steps taken to correct the violations of or im-
17	prove compliance with the labor laws listed in
18	subparagraph (A) of such paragraph, including
19	any agreements entered into with an enforce-
20	ment agency.
21	(B) Consultation.—The executive agen-
22	cy's Labor Compliance Advisor designated
23	under subsection (d), in consultation with rel-
24	evant enforcement agencies, shall advise the

contracting officer whether agreements are in

place or are otherwise needed to address appropriate remedial measures, compliance assistance, steps to resolve issues to avoid further violations, or other related matters concerning the offeror.

- (C) Responsibility determination.—
  The contracting officer, in consultation with the executive agency's Labor Compliance Advisor designated under subsection (d), shall consider information provided by the offeror under this subsection in determining whether the offeror is a responsible source with a satisfactory record of integrity and business ethics. The determination shall be based on the guidance reissued under subsection (e)(2)(A) and the final rule reissued under subsection (e)(1).
- (3) Referral of information to suspension and debarment official in accordance with agency procedures.
- (c) Post-Award Contract Actions.—

1	(1) Information updates.—The contracting
2	officer for a covered contract shall require that the
3	contractor update the information provided under
4	subparagraphs (A) and (B) of subsection (b)(1)
5	every 6 months.
6	(2) Corrective actions.—
7	(A) PRIME CONTRACT.—The contracting
8	officer, in consultation with the Labor Compli-
9	ance Advisor designated pursuant to subsection
10	(d), shall determine whether any information
11	provided under paragraph (1) warrants correc-
12	tive action. Such action may include—
13	(i) an agreement requiring appro-
14	priate remedial measures;
15	(ii) compliance assistance;
16	(iii) resolving issues to avoid further
17	violations;
18	(iv) the decision not to exercise an op-
19	tion on a contract or to terminate the con-
20	tract; or
21	(v) referral to the agency suspending
22	and debarring official.
23	(B) Subcontracts.—The prime con-
24	tractor for a covered contract, in consultation
25	with the Labor Compliance Advisor shall deter-

1	mine whether any information provided under
2	subsection (b)(1)(B) warrants corrective action,
3	including remedial measures, compliance assist-
4	ance, and resolving issues to avoid further viola-
5	tions.
6	(C) DEPARTMENT OF LABOR.—The Sec-
7	retary of Labor shall, as appropriate, inform
8	executive agencies of its investigations of con-
9	tractors and subcontractors on current Federal
10	contracts for purposes of determining the ap-
11	propriateness of actions described under sub-
12	paragraphs (A) and (B).
13	(d) Labor Compliance Advisors.—
14	(1) In general.—Each executive agency shall
15	designate a senior official to act as the agency's
16	Labor Compliance Advisor.
17	(2) Duties.—The Labor Compliance Advisor
18	shall—
19	(A) meet quarterly with the Deputy Sec-
20	retary, Deputy Administrator, or equivalent ex-
21	ecutive agency official with regard to matters
22	covered under this section;
23	(B) work with the acquisition workforce,
24	agency officials, and agency contractors to pro-
25	mote greater awareness and understanding of

the requirements of the labor laws listed in subsection (b)(1)(A), including record keeping, reporting, and notice requirements, as well as best practices for obtaining compliance with these requirements;

- (C) coordinate assistance for executive agency contractors seeking help in addressing and preventing violations of such laws;
- (D) in consultation with the Secretary of Labor or other relevant enforcement agencies, and pursuant to subsection (b)(2) as necessary, provide assistance to contracting officers regarding appropriate actions to be taken in response to violations of the labor laws listed in subsection (b)(1)(A) identified prior to or after contracts are awarded, and address complaints in a timely manner, by—
  - (i) providing assistance to contracting officers and other executive agency officials in reviewing the information provided under paragraphs (1) and (2) of subsection (b) and subsection (c)(1), or other information indicating such a violation, in order to assess the serious, repeated, willful, or pervasive nature of any such violation and

1	evaluate steps contractors have taken to
2	correct such violations or improve compli-
3	ance with relevant requirements;
4	(ii) helping agency officials determine
5	the appropriate response to address viola-
6	tions of the labor laws listed in subsection
7	(b)(1)(A) or other information indicating
8	such a violation (particularly a serious, re-
9	peated, willful, or pervasive violation), in-
10	cluding an agreement requiring appro-
11	priate remedial measures, a decision not to
12	award a contract or exercise an option on
13	a contract, contract termination, or a re-
14	ferral to the executive agency suspension
15	and debarment official;
16	(iii) providing assistance to appro-
17	priate executive agency officials in receiv-
18	ing and responding to, or making referrals
19	of, complaints alleging violations by agency
20	contractors and subcontractors of the labor
21	laws listed in subsection $(b)(1)(A)$ ; and
22	(iv) supporting contracting officers,
23	suspension and debarment officials, and
24	other agency officials in the coordination of
25	actions taken pursuant to this subsection

1	to ensure agency-wide consistency, to the
2	extent practicable;
3	(E) as appropriate, send information to
4	agency suspension and debarment officials in
5	accordance with agency procedures;
6	(F) consult with the agency's Chief Acqui-
7	sition Officer and Senior Procurement Execu-
8	tive, and the Department of Labor as nec-
9	essary, in the development of regulations, poli-
10	cies, and guidance addressing compliance by
11	contractors and subcontractors with the labor
12	laws listed in subsection (b)(1)(A);
13	(G) make recommendations to the agency
14	to strengthen agency management of contractor
15	compliance with such labor laws;
16	(H) publicly report, on an annual basis, a
17	summary of agency actions taken to promote
18	greater compliance with such laws, including
19	the agency's response under this section to seri-
20	ous, repeated, willful, or pervasive violations of
21	such laws; and
22	(I) participate in the interagency meetings
23	regularly convened by the Secretary of Labor
24	under subsection (e)(2)(B)(iii).

1	(e) Measures To Ensure Governmentwide Con-
2	SISTENCY.—
3	(1) Federal acquisition regulation.—
4	(A) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding the
5	Joint Resolution disapproving the rule sub-
6	mitted by the Department of Defense, the Gen-
7	eral Services Administration, and the National
8	Aeronautics and Space Administration relating
9	to the Federal Acquisition Regulation (Public
10	Law 115–11; 131 Stat. 75) and section 553 of
11	title 5, United States Code, not later than 1
12	year after the date of enactment of this Act, the
13	Secretary of Defense, the Administrator of the
14	General Services Administration, and the Ad-
15	ministrator of the National Aeronautics and
16	Space Administration shall reissue the final rule
17	entitled "Federal Acquisition Regulation; Fair
18	Pay and Safe Workplaces" (81 Fed. Reg.
19	58562 (Aug. 25, 2016)), subject to subpara-
20	graph (B).
21	(B) UPDATED DATES.—The agencies de-
22	scribed in subparagraph (A) may, in reissuing
23	the final rule under such subparagraph—
24	(i) update any date provided in such
25	final rule as reasonable and necessary; and

1	(ii) revise any provision in such rule
2	for consistency with the requirements of
3	this section.
4	(2) Department of Labor.—
5	(A) GUIDANCE.—Not later than 1 year
6	after the date of enactment of this Act, the Sec-
7	retary of Labor shall reissue the guidance enti-
8	tled "Guidance for Executive Order 13673,
9	'Fair Pay and Safe Workplaces'" (81 Fed.
10	Reg. 58654 (Aug. 25, 2016)). In reissuing such
11	guidance, the Secretary of Labor may—
12	(i) update any date provided in such
13	guidance as reasonable and necessary; and
14	(ii) revise any provision in such guid-
15	ance for consistency with the requirements
16	of this section.
17	(B) Additional activities.—The Sec-
18	retary of Labor shall—
19	(i) develop a process—
20	(I) for the Labor Compliance Ad-
21	visors designated pursuant to sub-
22	section (d) to consult with the Sec-
23	retary of Labor in carrying out their
24	responsibilities under subsection
25	(d)(2)(D);

1	(II) by which contracting officers
2	and Labor Compliance Advisors may
3	give appropriate consideration to de-
4	terminations and agreements made by
5	the Secretary of Labor and the heads
6	of other executive agencies; and
7	(III) by which contractors may
8	enter into agreements with the Sec-
9	retary of Labor, or the head of an-
10	other executive agency, prior to being
11	considered for a contract;
12	(ii) review data collection require-
13	ments and processes, and work with the
14	Director of the Office of Management and
15	Budget, the Administrator of General
16	Services, and other agency heads to im-
17	prove such requirements and processes, as
18	necessary, to reduce the burden on con-
19	tractors and increase the amount of infor-
20	mation available to executive agencies;
21	(iii) regularly convene interagency
22	meetings of Labor Compliance Advisors to
23	share and promote best practices for im-
24	proving labor law compliance; and

1	(iv) designate an appropriate contact
2	for executive agencies seeking to consult
3	with the Secretary of Labor with respect to
4	the requirements and activities under this
5	section.
6	(3) Office of management and budget.—
7	The Director of the Office of Management and
8	Budget shall—
9	(A) work with the Administrator of Gen-
10	eral Services to include in the Federal Awardee
11	Performance and Integrity Information System
12	the information provided by contractors pursu-
13	ant to subsections $(b)(1)(A)$ and $(c)(1)$ and
14	data on the resolution of any issues related to
15	such information; and
16	(B) designate an appropriate contact for
17	agencies seeking to consult with the Office of
18	Management and Budget on matters arising
19	under this section.
20	(4) General services administration.—
21	(A) In General.—The Administrator of
22	General Services, in consultation with other rel-
23	evant executive agencies, shall establish a single
24	Internet website for Federal contractors to use
25	for all Federal contract reporting requirements

- 1 under this section, as well as any other Federal
  2 contract reporting requirements to the extent
  3 practicable.
  - (B) AGENCY COOPERATION.—The heads of executive agencies with covered contracts shall provide the Administrator of General Services with the data necessary to maintain the Internet website established under subparagraph (A).
- 10 (5) MINIMIZING COMPLIANCE BURDEN.—After 11 reissuing the guidance under paragraph (2)(A) or 12 the final rule under paragraph (1), the Secretary of 13 Labor or the Secretary of Defense, the Adminis-14 trator of the General Services Administration, and 15 the Administrator of the National Aeronautics and 16 Space Administration may, respectively, amend such 17 guidance or final rule consistent with the require-18 ments under chapter 5 of title 5, United States 19 Code.
- 20 (f) Implementing Regulations.—Not later than 9
  21 months after the date of enactment of this Act, the Fed22 eral Acquisition Regulatory Council shall amend the Fed23 eral Acquisition Regulation to carry out the provisions of
  24 this section.

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1	(g) Rules of Construction.—Nothing in this sec-
2	tion shall be construed as—
3	(1) impairing or otherwise affecting the author-
4	ity granted by law to an executive agency or the
5	head thereof; or
6	(2) impairing or otherwise affecting the func-
7	tions of the Director of the Office of Management
8	and Budget relating to budgetary, administrative, or
9	legislative proposals.
10	TITLE IV—NATIONWIDE GRANTS
11	TO PREVENT AND RESPOND
12	TO WORKPLACE HARASS-
	MENT
13	MENT
<ul><li>13</li><li>14</li></ul>	SEC. 401. DEFINITIONS.
14	SEC. 401. DEFINITIONS.
14 15	SEC. 401. DEFINITIONS.  In this title:
<ul><li>14</li><li>15</li><li>16</li></ul>	SEC. 401. DEFINITIONS.  In this title:  (1) COMMISSION.—The term "Commission"
14 15 16 17	SEC. 401. DEFINITIONS.  In this title:  (1) COMMISSION.—The term "Commission" means the Equal Employment Opportunity Commission.
14 15 16 17 18	SEC. 401. DEFINITIONS.  In this title:  (1) COMMISSION.—The term "Commission" means the Equal Employment Opportunity Commission.
14 15 16 17 18	SEC. 401. DEFINITIONS.  In this title:  (1) COMMISSION.—The term "Commission" means the Equal Employment Opportunity Commission.  (2) Employee.—The term "employee" has the
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	SEC. 401. DEFINITIONS.  In this title:  (1) COMMISSION.—The term "Commission" means the Equal Employment Opportunity Commission.  (2) EMPLOYEE.—The term "employee" has the meaning given the term in section 302(a)(4).
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	In this title:  (1) Commission.—The term "Commission" means the Equal Employment Opportunity Commission.  (2) Employee.—The term "employee" has the meaning given the term in section 302(a)(4).  (3) Employment Discrimination.—The term

1	(A) Title VII of the Civil Rights Act of
2	1964 (42 U.S.C. 2000e et seq.).
3	(B) The Government Employee Rights Act
4	of 1991 (42 U.S.C. 2000e–16a et seq.).
5	(C) The Congressional Accountability Act
6	of 1995 (2 U.S.C. 1301 et seq.).
7	(D) Subchapter II of chapter 5 of title 3,
8	United States Code.
9	(E) The Age Discrimination in Employ-
10	ment Act of 1967 (29 U.S.C. 621 et seq.).
11	(F) Title I and section 503 (for violations
12	with respect to that title) of the Americans with
13	Disabilities Act of 1990 (42 U.S.C. 12111 et
14	seq.; 12203).
15	(G) Sections 501 and 505 of the Rehabili-
16	tation Act of 1973 (29 U.S.C. 791, 794a).
17	(H) Section 6(d) of the Fair Labor Stand-
18	ards Act of 1938 (commonly known as the
19	"Equal Pay Act of 1963") (29 U.S.C. 206(d)).
20	(I) Title II of the Genetic Information
21	Nondiscrimination Act of 2008 (42 U.S.C.
22	2000ff et seq.).
23	(J) Section 4311 of title 38, United States
24	Code.

1	(K) Other Federal, State, or local employ-
2	ment law.
3	(4) Worker.—The term "worker" has the
4	meaning given the term in section 302(a)(8).
5	Subtitle A-National Grants for
6	Preventing and Addressing Em-
7	ployment Discrimination, In-
8	cluding Harassment
9	SEC. 411. DEFINITIONS.
10	In this subtitle:
11	(1) DIRECTOR.—The term "Director" means
12	the Director of the Women's Bureau of the Depart-
13	ment of Labor.
14	(2) ELIGIBLE ENTITY.—The term "eligible enti-
15	ty" means any of the following:
16	(A) A nonprofit organization, including a
17	community-based organization, nonprofit legal
18	aid organization, or labor organization, that
19	provides services and support to workers, in-
20	cluding by assisting workers in filing charges of
21	employment discrimination.
22	(B) An institution of higher education, as
23	defined in section 101 of the Higher Education
24	Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1001).

## 1 SEC. 412. GRANTS.

2	(a) Grants.—The Director, in consultation with the
3	Commission, shall award grants under this section, on a
4	competitive basis, to eligible entities to assist such entities
5	in carrying out a program for preventing and addressing
6	employment discrimination, including harassment,
7	through activities authorized under subsection (b).
8	(b) Use of Funds.—
9	(1) Permissible activities.—A grant award-
10	ed under this section shall be used for activities to
11	prevent and address employment discrimination, in-
12	cluding harassment, which may include—
13	(A) educating workers about their rights
14	related to harassment in employment under
15	Federal, State, and local civil rights, labor, and
16	employment laws;
17	(B) educating employers about their obli-
18	gations to prevent and address harassment in
19	employment under Federal, State, and local
20	civil rights, labor, and employment laws;
21	(C) providing assistance to workers in
22	bringing complaints of employment discrimina-
23	tion, including filing charges of harassment;
24	(D) establishing networks for education,
25	communication, and participation in the work-
26	place and community;

1	(E) monitoring employer compliance with
2	Federal, State, and local civil rights, labor, and
3	employment laws;
4	(F) recruiting and hiring of staff and vol-
5	unteers; and
6	(G) any other activity the Director, in con-
7	sultation with the Commission, may reasonably
8	prescribe for the purpose of preventing and ad-
9	dressing employment discrimination, including
10	harassment.
11	(2) Prohibited activities.—Notwithstanding
12	paragraph (1), an eligible entity receiving a grant
13	under this section may not use the grant funds for
14	any purpose reasonably prohibited by the Director,
15	in consultation with the Commission, through notice
16	and comment rulemaking.
17	(c) TERM OF GRANTS.—Each grant awarded under
18	this section shall be available for expenditure for a period
19	not to exceed 3 years.
20	(d) Applications.—
21	(1) In general.—An eligible entity seeking a
22	grant under this section shall submit an application
23	for such grant to the Director in accordance with
24	this subsection.

(2) Partnerships.—Multiple eligible entities
may submit a joint application under this subsection
that designates a single entity as the lead entity for
the purposes of receiving and disbursing funds re-
ceived through a grant under this section.
(3) Contents.—An application under this sub-
section shall include—
(A) a description of a plan for the program
that the eligible entity proposes to carry out
with a grant under this section, including a
long-term strategy and detailed implementation
plan;
(B) information on the prevalence of viola-
tions of prohibitions on employment discrimina-
tion, including harassment, under Federal,
State, and local civil rights, labor, and employ-
ment laws in the population served by the eligi-
ble entity;
(C) information on any industry or geo-
graphic area targeted by the plan for such pro-
gram;
(D) information on the type of outreach
and relationship building that will be conducted

under such program;

1	(E) information on the training and edu-
2	cation that will be provided to workers and em-
3	ployers under such program; and
4	(F) the method by which the eligible entity
5	will measure the results of such program.
6	(e) Selection.—
7	(1) Competitive basis.—In accordance with
8	this section, the Director, in consultation with the
9	Commission, shall, on a competitive basis, select
10	grant recipients from among eligible entities that
11	have submitted an application meeting the require-
12	ments under subsection (d).
13	(2) Priority.—The Director, in consultation
14	with the Commission, in selecting grant recipients
15	under paragraph (1), shall give priority to eligible
16	entities that—
17	(A) serve workers in any industry or geo-
18	graphic area that is most highly at risk for em-
19	ployment discrimination, including harassment,
20	as identified by the Director, in consultation
21	with the Commission; and
22	(B) demonstrate past and ongoing work to
23	prevent employment discrimination, including
24	harassment.
25	(f) Performance Evaluations.—

1	(1) In General.—Each grant recipient under
2	this section shall develop procedures for reporting,
3	monitoring, measuring, and evaluating the activities
4	of each program or activity funded under this sec-
5	tion.
6	(2) Guidelines.—The procedures required
7	under paragraph (1) shall be in accordance with
8	guidelines established by the Director, in consulta-
9	tion with the Commission.
10	SEC. 413. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.
11	There are authorized to be appropriated to the Direc-
12	tor such sums as may be necessary to carry out this sub-
13	title.
	title.  Subtitle B—Grants for Legal Assist-
14 15	Subtitle B—Grants for Legal Assist-
14 15	Subtitle B—Grants for Legal Assistance for Low-Income Workers
14 15 16	Subtitle B—Grants for Legal Assistance for Low-Income Workers  SEC. 421. DEFINITIONS.
14 15 16 17	Subtitle B—Grants for Legal Assistance for Low-Income Workers  SEC. 421. DEFINITIONS.  In this subtitle:
14 15 16 17 18	Subtitle B—Grants for Legal Assistance for Low-Income Workers  SEC. 421. DEFINITIONS.  In this subtitle:  (1) Secretary.—The term "Secretary" means
14 15 16 17 18	Subtitle B—Grants for Legal Assistance for Low-Income Workers  SEC. 421. DEFINITIONS.  In this subtitle:  (1) SECRETARY.—The term "Secretary" means the Secretary of Labor.
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	Subtitle B—Grants for Legal Assistance for Low-Income Workers  SEC. 421. DEFINITIONS.  In this subtitle:  (1) SECRETARY.—The term "Secretary" means the Secretary of Labor.  (2) COVERED CLIENT.—The term "covered clients.
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	Subtitle B—Grants for Legal Assistance for Low-Income Workers  SEC. 421. DEFINITIONS.  In this subtitle:  (1) Secretary.—The term "Secretary" means the Secretary of Labor.  (2) Covered client.—The term "covered client" means an individual who—

1	(3) Eligible client.—The term "eligible cli-
2	ent" has the meaning given the term in section 1002
3	of the Legal Services Corporation Act (42 U.S.C.
4	2996a) and the regulations of the Legal Services
5	Corporation.
6	(4) Eligible enti-
7	ty" means—
8	(A) a nonprofit organization; and
9	(B) an individual who is licensed to prac-
10	tice law.
11	SEC. 422. GRANTS FOR CIVIL LEGAL NEEDS RELATED TO
12	EMPLOYMENT DISCRIMINATION.
13	(a) Grants Authorized.—
13 14	<ul><li>(a) Grants Authorized.—</li><li>(1) In general.—The Secretary is authorized</li></ul>
14	(1) In general.—The Secretary is authorized
14 15	(1) In general.—The Secretary is authorized to provide financial assistance to eligible entities to
14 15 16	(1) In general.—The Secretary is authorized to provide financial assistance to eligible entities to enable those eligible entities to provide for the civil
14 15 16 17	(1) In General.—The Secretary is authorized to provide financial assistance to eligible entities to enable those eligible entities to provide for the civil legal needs of covered clients that are related to em-
14 15 16 17	(1) In General.—The Secretary is authorized to provide financial assistance to eligible entities to enable those eligible entities to provide for the civil legal needs of covered clients that are related to employment discrimination, and to provide for those cli-
114 115 116 117 118	(1) In General.—The Secretary is authorized to provide financial assistance to eligible entities to enable those eligible entities to provide for the civil legal needs of covered clients that are related to employment discrimination, and to provide for those clients such other services as are necessary to carry
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	(1) In General.—The Secretary is authorized to provide financial assistance to eligible entities to enable those eligible entities to provide for the civil legal needs of covered clients that are related to employment discrimination, and to provide for those clients such other services as are necessary to carry out the purposes of this subtitle, including any of

1	(B) Assisting covered clients in utilizing
2	the Commission employment discrimination
3	complaint process.
4	(C) Assisting covered clients in utilizing a
5	private employment complaint process.
6	(D) Conducting outreach activities to pub-
7	licize the services offered under this section.
8	(2) CITIZENSHIP STATUS.—An eligible entity
9	receiving a grant under this section shall provide
10	services to a covered client without regard to the
11	citizenship status or authorization to work of the
12	covered client.
13	(b) APPLICATION.—In order to be eligible to receive
14	a grant under this section, an eligible entity shall submit
15	an application to the Secretary at such time and in such
16	manner as the Secretary may require. Such application
17	shall include—
18	(1) a description of the services that the eligible
19	entity proposes to provide, implement, improve, or
20	expand;
21	(2) a description of the covered clients the eligi-
22	ble entity intends to serve;
23	(3) evidence of the eligible entity's capacity to
24	provide services to covered clients with legal issues
25	related to employment discrimination, such as the el-

1	igible entity's record of success representing eligible
2	clients in employment-related legal matters, or the
3	eligible entity's prior experience serving clients who
4	cannot afford legal counsel;
5	(4) an explanation of how the services the eligi-
6	ble entity intends to provide will assist covered cli-
7	ents in addressing legal issues related to employment
8	discrimination; and
9	(5) any other information that the Secretary
10	may require.
11	(c) AWARD BASIS.—The Secretary shall, in consulta-
12	tion with the Legal Services Corporation, award and over-
13	see grants under this section pursuant to such procedures
14	and criteria as the Secretary may require. Such proce-
15	dures and criteria shall include consideration of—
16	(1) whether the eligible entity has demonstrated
17	an understanding of the legal needs of covered cli-
18	ents;
19	(2) the eligible entity's capacity to provide serv-
20	ices to covered clients with legal issues related to
21	employment discrimination, which may be dem-
22	onstrated through evidence described in subsection
23	(b)(3);
24	(3) the eligible entity's knowledge of applicable
25	Federal, State, and local employment laws;

1	(4) the eligible entity's capacity and ability to
2	access other resources;
3	(5) the eligible entity's ability to ensure con-
4	tinuity of service to covered clients with pending
5	legal issues; and
6	(6) other factors that the Secretary determines
7	are relevant.
8	(d) Equitable Distribution.—To the extent prac-
9	ticable, in awarding grants under this section, the Sec-
10	retary, in consultation with the Legal Services Corpora-
11	tion, shall ensure that grants are made so as to provide
12	the most economical and effective delivery of legal assist-
13	ance to covered clients in both urban and rural areas, with
14	consideration of the geographic distribution of persons in
15	poverty.
16	(e) Duration of the Grant.—
17	(1) In general.—A grant under this section
18	shall be for a term of not less than 1 year and not
19	more than 5 years.
20	(2) Renewal.—The Secretary may renew a
21	grant awarded under this section for a period of not
22	more than 2 additional years if the eligible entity
23	demonstrates that the eligible entity is effectively
24	using funds and that the renewal of funds will allow

the eligible entity to scale up the provision of serv-

1	ices, replicate the program, or provide continuity of
2	service to covered clients.
3	(f) Report.—Two years after the enactment of this
4	section, the Secretary shall provide to the Committee on
5	Health, Education, Labor, and Pensions of the Senate and
6	the Committee on Education and Labor of the House of
7	Representatives a report on the implementation of the
8	grant program under this section, including—
9	(1) a description of the services provided using
10	grant assistance under this section, including a de-
11	tailed description of the types of legal issues ad-
12	dressed by eligible entities and the number of cov-
13	ered clients served; and
14	(2) an assessment of the number of individuals
15	facing one or more legal issues related to employ-
16	ment discrimination who cannot afford adequate
17	legal counsel, and the largest areas of unmet need.
18	SEC. 423. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.
19	There are authorized to be appropriated to carry out
20	this subtitle such sums as may be necessary.
21	Subtitle C—Grants for a System of
22	State Advocacy
23	SEC. 431. PURPOSE.
24	The purpose of this subtitle is to provide allotments
25	to support a system of advocacy (referred to in this sub-

1	title as a "system") in each State to protect the legal and
2	human rights of workers in accordance with applicable
3	Federal, State, and local employment discrimination laws.
4	SEC. 432. DEFINITIONS.
5	In this subtitle:
6	(1) Record.—The term "record" includes—
7	(A) a report prepared by an employer or
8	staff person charged with investigating reports
9	of employment discrimination that describes in-
10	cidents of possible discrimination and the steps
11	taken to investigate those incidents;
12	(B) statistical information related to em-
13	ployment decisions and the race, sex (including
14	sexual orientation and gender identity), religion,
15	national origin, age, disability, genetic informa-
16	tion, or other protected characteristics of work-
17	$\operatorname{ers};$
18	(C) records described in section 11(c) of
19	the Fair Labor Standards Act (29 U.S.C.
20	211(c)); and
21	(D) any such similar record, as may be
22	necessary to carry out the purposes of this sub-
23	title.
24	(2) Secretary.—The term "Secretary" means
25	the Secretary of Labor.

1	(3) State.—The term "State", except as oth-
2	erwise provided, includes, in addition to each of the
3	several States of the United States, the District of
4	Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, the
5	United States Virgin Islands, Guam, American
6	Samoa, and the Commonwealth of the Northern
7	Mariana Islands.
8	SEC. 433. ALLOTMENTS AND PAYMENTS.
9	(a) Allotments.—
10	(1) In general.—To assist States in meeting
11	the requirements of section 434, the Secretary shall
12	make allotments to States from the amounts appro-
13	priated under section 436 and not reserved under
14	paragraph (5).
15	(2) Minimum allotments.—In any case in
16	which—
17	(A) the total amount appropriated under
18	section 436 for a fiscal year is not less than
19	\$20,000,000, the allotment under paragraph
20	(1) for such fiscal year—
21	(i) to each of American Samoa,
22	Guam, the United States Virgin Islands,
23	and the Commonwealth of the Northern
24	Mariana Islands may not be less than
25	\$100,000; and

1	(ii) to any State not described in
2	clause (i) may not be less than \$200,000;
3	and
4	(B) the total amount appropriated under
5	section 436 for a fiscal year is less than
6	\$20,000,000, the allotment under paragraph
7	(1) for such fiscal year—
8	(i) to each of American Samoa,
9	Guam, the United States Virgin Islands,
10	and the Commonwealth of the Northern
11	Mariana Islands may not be less than
12	\$50,000; and
13	(ii) to any State not described in
14	clause (i) may not be less than \$150,000.
15	(3) REDUCTION OF ALLOTMENT.—Notwith-
16	standing paragraphs (1) and (2), if the aggregate of
17	the amounts to be allotted to the States pursuant to
18	such paragraphs for any fiscal year exceeds the total
19	amount appropriated for such allotments under sec-
20	tion 436 for such fiscal year, the amount to be allot-
21	ted to each State for such fiscal year shall be pro-
22	portionately reduced.
23	(4) Increase in allotments.—If the sum ap-
24	propriated under section 436 and not reserved under
25	paragraph (5) for any fiscal year exceeds the aggre-

- gate of the minimum allotments for all States under
  this subsection for that fiscal year, such excess
  amount shall be allotted among the States, including
  American Samoa, Guam, the United States Virgin
  Islands, and the Commonwealth of the Northern
  Mariana Islands, so as to increase proportionately
  the minimum allotment for each such State.

  (5) TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE.—In any case in
  - (5) TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE.—In any case in which the total amount appropriated under section 436 for a fiscal year is more than \$24,500,000, the Secretary shall—
    - (A) use not more than 2 percent of the amount appropriated to provide technical assistance to eligible systems with respect to activities carried out under this subtitle (consistent with requests by such systems for such assistance for the year); and
    - (B) provide a grant in accordance with section 434(d) and in an amount described in paragraph (2)(A)(i), to an American Indian consortium to provide protection and advocacy services.

## (6) Reallotments.—

(A) IN GENERAL.—If the Secretary determines that an amount of an allotment to a

- State for a period (of a fiscal year or longer) will not be required by the State during the period for the purpose for which the allotment was made, the Secretary shall reallot the amount.
  - (B) TIMING.—The Secretary may make such a reallotment from time to time, on such date as the Secretary may fix, but not earlier than 30 days after the Secretary has published notice of the intention of the Secretary to make the reallotment in the Federal Register.
  - (C) Amounts.—The Secretary shall reallot the amount to other States with respect to which the Secretary has not made that determination. The Secretary shall reallot the amount in proportion to the original allotments of the other States for such fiscal year, but shall reduce such proportionate amount for any of the other States to the extent the proportionate amount exceeds the sum that the Secretary estimates the State needs and will be able to use during such period.
  - (D) REALLOTMENT OF REDUCTIONS.—The Secretary shall similarly reallot the total of the

1	reductions among the States whose propor-
2	tionate amounts were not so reduced.
3	(E) Treatment.—Any amount reallotted
4	to a State under this subsection for a fiscal
5	year shall be deemed to be a part of the allot-
6	ment of the State under paragraph (1) for such
7	fiscal year.
8	(b) PAYMENT TO SYSTEMS.—The Secretary shall pay
9	directly to each State that has a system in the State that
10	complies with the provisions of this subtitle the amount
11	of the allotment made for the State under this section,
12	unless the system specifies otherwise, to be used in sup-
13	port of the system.
14	(c) Unobligated Funds.—Any amount paid to a
15	State under this subtitle for a fiscal year and remaining
16	unobligated at the end of such year shall remain available
17	to such State for the next fiscal year, for the purposes
18	for which such amount was paid.
19	SEC. 434. SYSTEM REQUIRED.
20	(a) In General.—In order for a State to receive an
21	allotment under this subtitle the State shall—
22	(1) have in effect a system to protect and advo-
23	cate for the rights of workers within the State who
24	are or who may be eligible for relief from applicable

employment discrimination laws; and

1	(2) designate a private nonprofit entity (re-
2	ferred to in this subtitle as an "agency") to support
3	and carry out the activities of that system.
4	(b) AGENCY REQUIREMENTS.—
5	(1) Characteristics of agency.—The State
6	shall ensure that the agency designated under sub-
7	section (a) shall—
8	(A) not be administered by the State, or
9	an agency or instrumentality of a State; and
10	(B) be independent of any entity that rep-
11	resents the interest of the State, employers, or
12	other corporations.
13	(2) No redesignation of agency.—The
14	agency implementing the system shall not be redes-
15	ignated unless—
16	(A) there is good cause for the redesigna-
17	tion;
18	(B) the State has given the agency notice
19	of the intention to make such redesignation, in-
20	cluding notice regarding the good cause for
21	such redesignation, and given the agency an op-
22	portunity to respond to the assertion that good
23	cause has been shown;

1	(C) the agency has given timely notice of
2	the intended redesignation directly to clients of
3	the agency;
4	(D) the State has provided, in plain
5	English and in accessible formats for individ-
6	uals with disabilities and for individuals who
7	primarily speak a language other than English,
8	an opportunity for public comment; and
9	(E) the agency has an opportunity to ap-
10	peal the redesignation to the Secretary, on the
11	basis that the redesignation was not for good
12	cause.
13	(3) Costs of Notice.—The costs of the notice
14	required under paragraph (2)(C) shall be paid by
15	the State.
16	(c) System Required.—The system described in
17	subsection (a) shall—
18	(1) have the authority to—
19	(A) pursue legal, administrative, and other
20	appropriate remedies or approaches, as applica-
21	ble, to ensure the protection of, and advocacy
22	for, the rights of individuals within the State
23	who are or who may be eligible for relief from
24	employment discrimination; and

1	(B) provide information on and referral to
2	programs and services addressing the needs of
3	such individuals;
4	(2) have the authority—
5	(A) to investigate incidents of employment
6	discrimination, including harassment, and to
7	conduct investigations of systemic employment
8	discrimination, of such individuals if the inci-
9	dents are reported to the agency or if there is
10	probable cause to believe that the incidents oc-
11	curred; and
12	(B) to investigate and gather data in the
13	same manner as the Secretary under section
14	11(a) of the Fair Labor Standards Act (29
15	U.S.C. 211(a));
16	(3) on an annual basis, develop, submit to the
17	Secretary, and take action with regard to goals and
18	priorities developed through data driven strategic
19	planning for the system's activities;
20	(4) on an annual basis, provide to the public
21	including individuals described in paragraph (1)(A)
22	the regional office of the Commission that serves the
23	State, and any State agency whose purpose is to re-
24	duce or eliminate employment discrimination, an op-

portunity to comment on—

1	(A) the goals and priorities established by
2	the agency and the rationale for the establish-
3	ment of such goals; and
4	(B) the activities of the agency, including
5	the coordination of services with the District of
6	fice of the Commission that serves the State
7	and any State agency whose purpose is to re-
8	duce, eliminate, or redress employment dis-
9	crimination, and with entities carrying out
10	other related programs;
11	(5) establish a grievance procedure for clients
12	or prospective clients of the agency to ensure that
13	individuals described in paragraph (1)(A) have full
14	access to services of the agency;
15	(6) have access at reasonable times to any indi-
16	vidual described in paragraph (1)(A) in a location in
17	which services and other assistance are provided to
18	such an individual, in order to carry out the purpose
19	of this subtitle;
20	(7) have access, not later than 3 business days
21	after the agency makes a written request, to the
22	records of any individual described in paragraph
23	(1)(A) (including Federal and State workers) who is

a client of the agency if such individual, or other

- legal representative of such individual, has authorized the agency to have such access;
  - (8) hire and maintain sufficient numbers and types of staff (qualified by training and experience) to carry out the agency's functions, except that the State involved shall not apply hiring freezes, reductions in force, prohibitions on travel, or other policies to the staff of the agency, to the extent that such policies would impact the staff or functions of the agency funded with Federal funds or would prevent the agency from carrying out the functions of the system under this subtitle;
    - (9) have the authority to educate policymakers; and
    - (10) provide assurances to the Secretary that funds allotted to the State under section 433 will be used to supplement, and not supplant, the non-Federal funds that would otherwise be made available for the purposes for which the allotted funds are provided.

## (d) American Indian Consortium.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Upon application to the Secretary, the Secretary shall allot funds to one or more American Indian consortium established to provide services under this subtitle, in accordance with sec-

1	tion 433(a)(5). Such funds shall be used to support
2	services under this subtitle.

- 3 (2) COORDINATION OF SYSTEMS.—An American
  4 Indian consortium under paragraph (1) shall be con5 sidered to be a system for purposes of this subtitle
  6 and shall coordinate those services with other sys7 tems serving the same geographic area.
- 8 (3) Responsible party.—The tribal council 9 that designates the consortium shall carry out the 10 responsibilities and exercise the authorities specified 11 for a State in this subtitle, with regard to the con-12 sortium.

## 13 SEC. 435. ADMINISTRATION.

- 14 (a) GOVERNING BOARD.—The system described in
- 15 section 434 shall be organized as a private nonprofit entity
- 16 with a multimember governing board, and such governing
- 17 board shall be selected according to the policies and proce-
- 18 dures of the system, except that—
- 19 (1) the governing board shall be composed of
- 20 members who broadly represent or are knowledge-
- able about the needs of the individuals served by the
- 22 system;
- 23 (2) a majority of the members of the board
- shall be—

1	(A) attorneys representing the interests of
2	workers;
3	(B) advocates for workers with experience
4	working to protect or expand workers' rights; or
5	(C) workers who have experienced employ-
6	ment discrimination;
7	(3) not more than ½ of the members of the
8	governing board may be appointed by the chief exec-
9	utive officer of the State involved, in the case of any
10	State in which such officer has the authority to ap-
11	point members of the board;
12	(4) the membership of the governing board
13	shall be subject to term limits set by the system to
14	ensure rotating membership; and
15	(5) any vacancy in the board shall be filled not
16	later than 60 days after the date on which the va-
17	cancy occurs.
18	(b) Legal Action.—
19	(1) In general.—Nothing in this subtitle shall
20	preclude a system from bringing a suit on behalf of
21	individuals described in section 434(c)(1)(A) against
22	a State, or an agency or instrumentality of a State.
23	(2) Use of amounts from judgment.—An
24	amount received pursuant to a suit described in
25	paragraph (1) through a court judgment may only

1	be used by the system to further the purpose of this
2	subtitle and shall not be used to augment payments
3	to legal contractors or to award personal bonuses.
4	(c) Public Notice of Federal Onsite Review.—
5	The Secretary shall provide advance public notice of, and
6	solicit public comments regarding, any Federal pro-
7	grammatic or administrative onsite review of a system
8	conducted under this subtitle. The Secretary shall prepare
9	an onsite visit report containing the results of such review,
10	which shall be distributed to the Governor of the State
11	and to other interested public and private parties. The
12	comments received in response to the notice and public
13	comment solicitation shall be included in the onsite visit
14	report.
15	(d) Reports.—
16	(1) In general.—Beginning for the fiscal year
17	after the fiscal year during which this Act is en-
18	acted, each system established in a State pursuant
19	to this subtitle shall annually prepare and transmit
20	to the Secretary a report that describes the activi-
21	ties, accomplishments, and expenditures of the sys-
22	tem during the preceding fiscal year, including—
23	(A) a description of the system's goals, the
24	extent to which the goals were achieved, and
25	barriers to that achievement: and

1	(B) the process used to obtain public
2	input, the nature of such input, and how such
3	input was used.
4	(2) Disclosure of information.—For pur-
5	poses of the report described in paragraph (1) the
6	Secretary shall not require the system disclose the
7	identity of, or any other personally identifiable infor-
8	mation related to, any individual requesting assist-
9	ance from the system.
10	SEC. 436. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.
11	There are authorized to be appropriated for allot-
12	ments under section 433 such sums as may be necessary.
13	TITLE V—GENERAL PROVISIONS
14	SEC. 501. SEVERABILITY.
15	If any provision of this Act, an amendment made by
16	this Act, or the application of such provision or amend-
17	ment to any person or circumstance is held to be unconsti-
18	tutional, the remainder of this Act and the amendments

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19 made by this Act, and the application of the provision or

amendment to any other person or circumstance, shall not

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21 be affected.